



DRAFT PARK MASTER PLAN NOVEMBER 2011

CHAPTER 1 - INTRODUCTION



URBAN GREENING PLAN

The City of Alameda provides its citizens with a full service Recreation and Parks Department which administers an extensive system of local parks, athletic fields, dog parks, skate parks, historical museums, gymnasiums, a model airplane field, community center and senior center.

In developing this document, Alameda had the foresight to create a community endorsed comprehensive vision to allow the City to strategically refine, renovate and enhance the park system to meet the evolving needs of the community.

In developing an "Urban Greening Plan" the City sought to look beyond the bounds of a typical parks master plan to explore a breadth of components that create livable communities.

The City sought and was awarded an Urban Greening Planning Grant from the multi-jurisdictional Strategic Growth Council (SGC), the public agency delegated with the responsibility of administering grant funds provided under the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006 (Proposition 84). The City's grant application proposed integrating new planning efforts with existing planning documents (i.e., Local Action Plan for Climate Protection and Bay Friendly Landscape Ordinance) into a comprehensive citywide Urban Green Plan targeted at mitigation of the long-term effects of climate change and making the City a more sustainable and healthier community. The Urban Greening Plan will take an integrated approach to addressing new and existing parks and open space; streetscapes; trials for biking and walking; urban farming opportunities; stormwater retention; coastline protection; and other means of helping the City meet its greenhouse gas emissions reductions goals.

This Parks Master Plan is a key component of the Urban Greening Plan. It is divided into the following distinct Chapters:

CONTEXT

A successful Parks Master Plan is tailored to reflect the special characteristics and values of the community. In this chapter, unique demographics and the make-up of the community is explored as well as the regional recreational context.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

In this chapter the existing parks, facilities and programs were inventoried and evaluated. Potential park and urban agriculture sites were identified. Additionally, this study includes an inventory of all the existing trees within the parks and golf course as a foundation for management of the urban forest, which is contained in a separate Appendix.

COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESSMENT

A recreational needs assessment was conducted through community surveys, workshops and stakeholder interviews to understand the strengths and deficiencies of the existing park system and recreation programs.

GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

Based on the needs assessment and existing conditions, quantifiable goals and objectives were established which outline the Alameda community vision for their Urban Greening Plan.

RECOMMENDATION

Finally, this chapter addresses specific recommendations and options for implementing the goals and objectives including renovation of existing facilities and sites, and opportunities for future expansion. This chapter also identifies costs associated with recommendations and implementation action items.





CHAPTER 2 - CONTEXT



THE SETTING

An island community in the San Francisco Bay, Alameda, a City of 22.7 square miles, has a current population of approximately 72,500 people. It has a temperate climate, with average temperatures in the 60's. It boasts one of the oldest Recreation and Parks Departments in the State of California, with almost 150 acres of municipal park land (not including the Chuck Corica Golf Complex). Although the parks of Alameda are a well used and highly valued amenity, the overall park acreage ratio is only about 2 acres of park per 1,000 residents, a fairly low ratio. Many of the parks are small, but effectively designed and programmed to meet much of the community's recreation needs. The parks system is well used and beloved. Parks are well distributed to provide easy access to a local park for the majority of residents.

Much of the City of Alameda is built out, with the exception of the former Alameda Naval Air Station (referred to as "Alameda Point") and thus, there are limited options for expanding parks or the park system. At this point in time, several opportunities have been identified for potential future park sites, the most signicant being the former Alameda Belt Line Rail Yard and yet to be determined locations on Alameda Point. As planning proceeds for Alameda Point, park facilities and urban agriculture will be important elements of this effort.



DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

The City of Alameda has undertaken this Urban Greening and Parks Master Plan to identify the residents' vision for their community that will guide future planning efforts. One component of such a plan is to understand how local demographics affect the Parks and Recreation program and facility needs and how the Alameda community's needs are either similar or different from state and national trends.

Population Forecast

The population of the City of Alameda has remained relatively unchanged from a population of 72,259 in 2000 to a population of 72,532 at the time of the 2010 Census. This is a population increase of less than half a percent. Over the next 25 years, the City's population is expected to grow at a slightly higher rate as the City approves and develops in-fill projects and residential development at Alameda Point. By 2015, the population is expected to reach 73,656 – a 1.6 percent increase from 2010. By 2030, it is projected to reach 80,000.

Length of Residency

The average length of owner occupied residency is 16 years and the renter length of residency is 8 years. This suggests that the community is rooted and vested in their hometown and hold an appreciation for their surroundings.

Age Distribution

A profile of the population's age provides important information to aid in parks and recreation programming since different age groups do have different needs and desires for parks and recreation facilities. Figure 1 shows the age groups within the City of Alameda. Worthy to note is that the 45-54 age group is the largest segment (17.8%). This percentage is also greater than that of the County of Alameda (14.8%), as shown in the age group comparison in Figure 2.

Although the total population of Alameda is not changing significantly, there will be shifts in the age of the residents within the City, according to the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG). More specifically, there will be a dramatic increase in the population of residents aged 65 and older. This marked increase is a result of the Baby Boomer population aging.

Pre-school children aged 0 to 5 years comprise 5.5 percent (3,961) of the total population of Alameda. The majority of those preschoolers (3,098) live on Alameda Island compared to Bay Farm Island (863). School age youth from 5-17 years comprise 14.7% (10,647) of the population. This is the group targeted

	Zip Code 94 (Alameda Isla		Zip Code 94502 (Bay Farm Island)		City of Alameda	
AGE GROUPS						
Median Age	41.9		45.2		42.3	
Average Age	41.0		40.7		40.9	
School Age	13,258	22.6%	3759	27.0%	17,017	23.5%
Pre-school (0-4)	3,098	5.3%	863	6.2%	3,961	5.5%
Elementary School (5-14)	6,213	10.6%	1740	12.5%	7,953	11.0%
Teen (15-17)	2,020	3.5%	674	4.8%	2,694	3.7%
Young Adult (18-20)	1,927	3.3%	482	3.5%	2,409	3.39
Family Forming	19,118	32.6%	3,156	22.7%	22,274	30.7%
Ages 21-24	2,654	4.5%	749	5.4%	3,403	4.79
Ages 25-34	6,680	11.4%	1,050	7.6%	7,730	10.7%
Ages 35-44	9,784	16.7%	1,357	9.8%	11,141	15.4%
Mature Families	17,813	30.4%	4,912	35.3%	22,725	31.3%
Ages 45-54	10,018	17.1%	2,864	20.6%	12,882	17.8%
Ages 55-64	7,795	13.3%	2,048	14.7%	9,843	13.6%
Retirement Age						
Ages 65 and over	8,428	14.4%	2,088	15.0%	10,516	14.5%

Figure 1 – City of Alameda Demographic Comparison: Age Groups

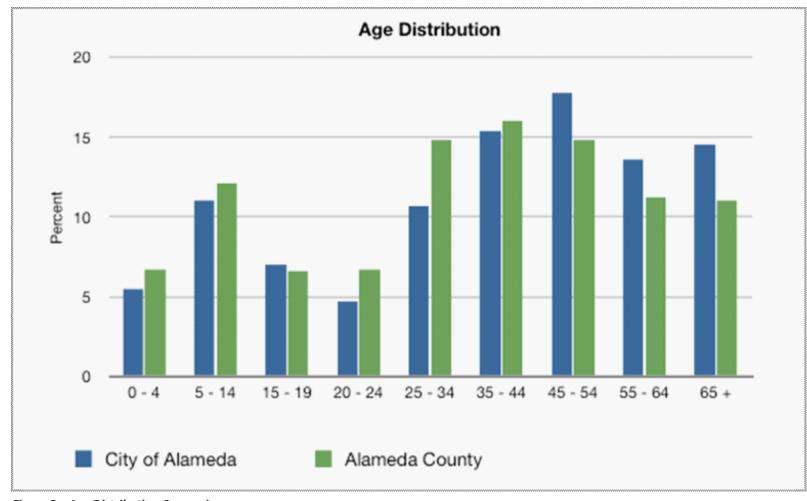


Figure 2 – Age Distribution Comparison

for the after-school, youth sport programs, and teen club programs. There will continue to be a demand for programming that targets this age group. This suggests a market and desire for after-school and summer camp programs, recreational activities for children and families, and playground features.

Senior age community members are even greater in numbers with "younger seniors" ages 55-64 years comprising 13.6% (9,843) of the population and "older seniors" 65 and older comprising 14.5% (10,515), for a combined total of 28.1% (20,358). This accounts for a growth in senior programming participation and older seniors participating in senior center activities. There is need to strategically plan how to address the demands of older, yet active, senior citizens.

Baby Boomers (born 1946-1964) account for the increase in the 65 and older age group, and the impact they will have on the community is significant. Boomers are unlike any generation before them. They are health conscious and active overall and will exercise, work, and live longer than any previous generation. As they age, Baby Boomers will likely have increased interest in participating in fitness activities and enrichment classes that are designed for them.

Household Composition

There are currently 29,602 households in Alameda. Of this number, 27.8 percent include children under the age of 18. Although this is 9.9% lower than the State of California (37.7%) the number of Alameda family households still indicates that there will be a high interest in activities for youth as well as activities and facilities that serve families. ¹

In 2010, 4.4 percent (770) of families with children in the City of Alameda were living in poverty. This compares to 10.4 percent for the County of Alameda. Alameda residents living in poverty benefit from the subsidized programming offered by the Alameda Recreation and Parks Department.

Race/Ethnicity

Race and ethnicity play a role in the population's parks and recreation needs and desires. Trends can be found in the ways that different races/ethnic groups use parks and recreation facilities and the types of programming they seek. The population of Alameda is culturally diverse. This diversity presents opportunities to offer a variety of parks and recreation programs that celebrate the varied interest and cultures of its residents. The population breakdown is shown in Figure 4.

1 Claritas. (2011). Demographic Trend Report. Retrieved April 21, 2011, from www.sitereports.com

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Education

Research indicates that a person's physical activity level is determined by a number of factors, including education, income, and gender. Approximately 74 percent (38,572) of those over age 25 who reside in Alameda have some college, an Associates, Bachelors, or Graduate degree². The population of Alameda has a higher percentage than the State of California at 59 percent. Education has been highly correlated to participation in parks and recreation activities including fitness and enrichment classes – the higher a community's education level, the more interest there will be in parks and recreation activities³. The programming needs to keep current in order to address the changing interests of an educated population. Education can be an indicator of interest in accessible green spaces for exercise and leisure time pursuits and is reflected in the community "ownership" of the neighborhood parks system that Alameda Recreation and Parks has established.

Income

The education level is reflected in the median household income of \$71,559 with white-collar occupations at 72.4% (27,613). This is slightly higher than Alameda County, which reports a median household income of \$70,217, and higher than the median household income in California of \$58,553. This indicates that most Alameda residents have the ability to pay program fees. 34 percent (10,052) of the Alameda residents have a household income over \$100,000 indicating a greater ability to pay for recreation services. Children from higher income families are more likely to participate in many different activities including beforeand after-school programs, summer camps, school extracurricular activities, and sports and recreation programs.

Travel Time to Work

The average travel time to work for an Alameda resident is approximately 30 minutes. This suggests that the community is mobile and leisure activities are pursued later in the day, after work and travel, and there is demand for afterschool and summer day programming that responds to this timeframe.

² Claritas. (2011). Demographic Trend Report. Retrieved April 21, 2011, from www.sitereports.com

American Sports Data, Inc. and the International Health, Racquet, and Sportsclub Association. (2000). IHRSA/ASD Health Club Trend Report. Hartsdale, NY: American Sports Data, Inc.

	Zip Code 945 (Alameda Isla		Zip Code 945 (Bay Farm Isla		City of Alamo (Total)	eda
RACE						
White Alone	29,489	50.3%	6,470	46.5%	35,959	49.69
Black or African American Alone	4,617	7.9%	383	2.8%	5,000	6.99
Amer. Indian and Alaska Native Alone	457	0.8%	33	0.2%	490	0.79
Asian Alone	17,032	29.1%	6,016	43.2%	23,048	31.89
Native Hawaiian and Other Pac. Isl. Alone	445	0.8%	42	0.3%	487	0.79
Some Other Race Alone	2,228	3.8%	242	1.7%	2,470	3.49
Two or More Races	4,349	7.4%	729	5.2%	5,078	7.09
Not Hispanic or Latino	52,289	89.2%	13,206	94.9%	65,495	90.39
Hispanic or Latino:	6,328	10.8%	709	5.1%	7,037	9.79

Figure 3 – City of Alameda Demographics: Race & Ethnicity

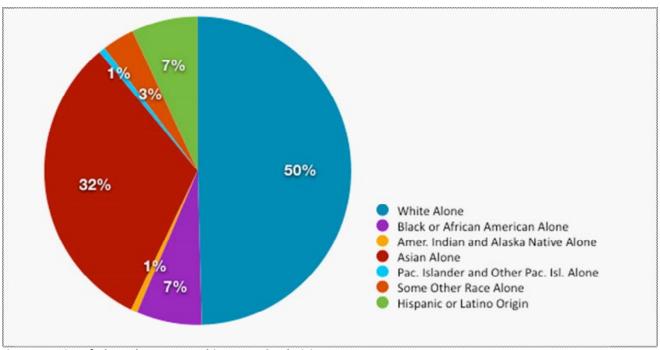


Figure 4 – City of Alameda Demographics: Race & Ethnicity

Health Benefits for Recreation

The Trust for America's Health reported that in a three year average from 2004-2006, the State of California ranked 23rd in the nation for Adult Physical Inactivity at a rate of 23.3%. Simply stated, nearly one quarter of California adults reported they did not engage in any physical activity. In June 2010, The Trust for America's Health reported that the state of California had a childhood obesity rate of 15% and a 24.4% adult obesity rate.⁴

Research has also shown that the availability of opportunities to engage in physical activity is positively correlated with the amount of physical activity in which people engage. The availability of parks and recreation services are vital to increasing physical activity across all age groups and play an essential role in reducing obesity rates. When evaluating the availability of these opportunities, an important consideration is their accessibility and proximity to residents in addition to their existence. Physical barriers, safety concerns, and distance to parks and facilities can prevent residents from using the facilities and programs. Research has found that larger sizes of parks and open spaces do not increase the frequency or intensity of use, but rather the distance to the park or open space is the greatest deterring factor. Having a park, open space or trail within a 5-minute walk (1/4 mile) is an achievable goal.

⁴ The Trust for America's Health, <u>www.healthyamericans.org/reports/obesity2010/</u>

CHAPTER 3 - PARK INVENTORY



A - Park Inventory

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Figure 5 - Existing Parks

Bayport Park

Summary

Location: 301 Jack London Avenue

Size: 4.25 acres

Bayport Park, a relatively new neighborhood park, features a play area, restrooms and two softball fields, which are also used by the adjacent Ruby Bridges Elementary School. Three basketball courts and a variety of striped hardcourt games are located on school grounds and are accessible to the public. The park and school share a parking lot. Located in the middle of a residential neighborhood, homes are oriented toward the very open layout of the park. This enhances security by providing "eyes" on the space. There is little shade in the park as the trees have not yet matured. There are no picnic or barbeque areas in the park. The park meets accessibility standards.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	Yes	Good		 Add age apprpriateness signage at play lots
Play Lot	1	Good	Play lot for ages 2-5, fenced on three sides, with parent seating. Play structure by Park Structures, ADA ramp into play pit.	 Provide spectator seating at ballfields Add park identification sign
Open Lawn	Yes	Good		- Add park identification sign
Ballfields	2	Good	Two unlighted softball fields with player benches	
Soccer / football field	1	Good	Soccer overlaid on outfields	
Paths/Walks	Yes	Good		
Restrooms	Yes	Good	Accessible, includes storage area	
Storage/Maintenance	Yes	Good	Part of restroom building	
Park Signage	Yes	Good	General ARPD park rules (2), Notice to pet owners (2), Field use permit (2), laminate sign at play area regarding dogs	
Lighting	Yes	Good	Lighting at parking lot and along street	
Benches	11	Good	3 benches at play area, and 4 player benches at each ballfield	
Trash Receptacles	3	Good	1 barrel at each ballfield, 1 plastic at play area	
Bike Racks	Yes	Good	1 ribbon rack	
Drinking Fountain	1	Good	At restroom	
Parking		Good	Parking lot shared with adjacent school, includes 2 handicap stalls with signage	







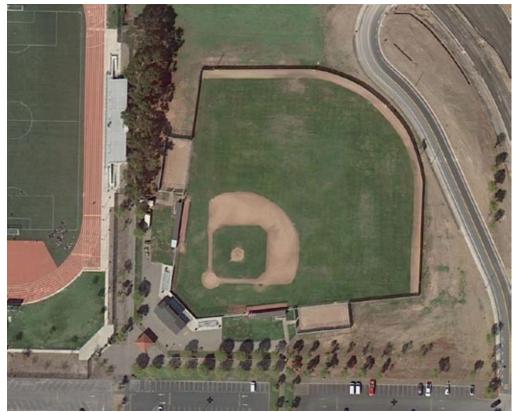
College of Alameda Hardball Field

Summary

Location: 55 Ralph Appezzato

Memorial Parkway Size: 4.6 acres Opened: 1996

This Hardball Field located on the College of Alameda campus consists of one unlighted game field and a concession, restroom and announcer's booth. It is a single-purpose facility, with bleachers, dugouts and bull-pens. Permits to use the field are obtained through the APRD. The site is maintained by ARPD. Maintenance fees are collected from users. The field is gated and locked when not in use.















Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Ballfields	1	Good	Unlighted hardball field with fenced outfield, block dugouts with player benches and drinking fountains, bull pens, and aluminium bleachers. Restroom, concession, announcer's booth	 Complete concession construction Add bike racks Light field for evening use Provide park identification signage
Restrooms	Yes	Good	In concession building	
Storage/Maintenance	Yes	Good	In concession building	
Park Signage	Yes		No General Park Rules signage	
Lighting			Lighting only at entry	
Trash Receptacles	8		Various styles of receptacles, and a recycle station	
Drinking Fountains	4	Good	2 at concession building, 2 in dugouts	
Other			Pots with planting at entry	
Parking			Parking adjacent on College property	







Summary

Location: 1432 San Antonio Avenue

Size: 2.98 acres Opened: 1923

Franklin Park is located in a residential neighborhood, across the street from Franklin Elementary School. The western portion of the park features a tranquil setting of paths, mature shade trees, lawn, benches and picnic tables. The park also features a recreation building, a practice ballfield, two tennis courts, fenced play areas, basketball and hardcourt games. The fenced areas make the park particularly appealing for parents with young children. Parking for this neighborhood park is on-street. The swimming pools adjacent to the park are run by Alameda Pool Association and are open to members only.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1	Good		 Install ADA accessible picnic tables
Play Lots	2		Separated play lots for ages 2-5 and 5-12, with play structures and parent seating	Provide spectator seating for ballfieldsReplace worn site furnishings
Picnic Areas	2+	Good	One area with 2 wooden tables, 2 grills and 4 trash receptacles Area in Front of Rec Building has 3 picnic tables (wood with ornamental iron) and 2 trash receptacles	 Resurface tennis courts and repair court fence and lighting (or remove non-functional court light fixtures) Replace / update park lighting
Open Lawn	Yes	Good		 Replace irrigation controller and
Ballfields	1	Good	Lighted softball field with player benches	sprinkler system Replace park identification sign
Basketball Courts	1	Good	Lighted full-court	Replace problematic restroom
Tennis Courts	2	Fair	Lighted courts with wooden benches	fixtures
Shuffleboard	1	Good		
Paths/Walks	Yes	Good	5' wide concrete path	
Restroom	Yes	Good	Located in recreation building	
Storage/Maintenance	Yes			
Park Signage	Yes		General Park Rules, Dog Owners signage	
Lighting	Yes		Lighting throughout the park	
Benches	9	Fair	2 custom benches, and painted wood benches	
Trash Receptacles	6	Good	Green barrels	
Bike Racks	1	Good	Near recreation building	
Drinking Fountain	1	Good	Double (ornamental)	
Other			Hardcourt games (four-square, hop scotch, etc.)	
			Community handprint art feature	
Parking			On-street	







Summary

Location: 281 Beach Road

Size: 5.45 acres Opened: 1945

Godfrey Park is partially bounded by the Alameda Municipal Golf Course. Residences surround the rest of the park. Amenities include a regulation hardball field (90' diamond), also used as a soccer/ football field, two basketball courts, play areas, picnic areas and a recreation building.

Parking is on street, and currently there are no bike racks. The park does not meet current ADA accessibility standards. It is not lit for night use. Generally, the site furnishings are worn and paving is not in good shape.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1			Renovate play lots
Play Lots	2	Good/Fair	Separated playlots for ages 2-5 and 5-12, with play structures by Burke and fiber surfacing	 Improve ADA access throughout park, including at play areas, picnic area, pathways
Picnic Areas	1	Fair/Poor	3 tables, 3 grills, and 4 trash barrels	Add community garden along
Open Lawn	Yes	Good		cul-de-sac
Ballfields	1	Good	Unlighted regulation hardball field field, with aluminium bleacher seating, players benches and storage bins	 Repair/replace worn site furnishings, fence, signage & play equipment Resurface basketball courts
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Soccer or football overlay on outfield	 Repair pathways - reduce tripping
Basketball Courts	2	Fair/Poor		hazards
Paths/Walks	Yes	Poor	5' pavers around recreation building, and paths around play pits	Improve park lightingReplace perimeter fencing
Restrooms	Yes	Fair	In recreation building	
Storage/Maintenance	Yes	Good		Replace drinking fountain
Park Signage	Yes	Fair	Park identification, general ARPD rules (2), dog rules, field permit signage	Repair storage buildingImprove the dirt vehicle access road to ballfield
Benches	5	Fair	Wood benches	
Trash Receptacles	4	Good/Fair	Barrels, and recycling bins (3) at recreation building	
Drinking Fountain	1	Fair		
Other			Tetherball near play area	
Parking			On Street	







Harrington Field

Summary

Location: 3400 Oleander Avenue

Size: 2.02 acres Opened: 1991

Harrington Field consists of a soccer field and picnic area with restrooms. Permits are required for organized play. The field is also used for lacrosse. Homes on the south side of the field provide "eyes on the park," enhancing security.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Play Lots (2-5)	1	Poor	Empty play pit with sand and 2 benches	 Paint and repair worn site furnishings and fences
Picnic Areas	1	Fair	4 wood tables, 1 accessible	Repair asphalt paths
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Moveable goals	Provide play equipment
Paths/Walks	Yes	Fair	7' path along south edge of field, accessible	 Provide accessible drinking fountain
Restrooms	Yes			 Install updated irrigation controller
Storage/Maintenance	Yes		At restroom	 Improve park lighting
Park Signage	Yes	Good/Fair	General ARPD park rules (2), field permit signs (3), notice to pet owners (2)	Replace park identification sign
Lighting	No			
Benches	2	Fair	Wood benches	
Trash Receptacles	11	Good/Fair	Red, white & blue barrels	
Bike Racks	1	Fair		
Drinking Fountain	1		At restroom	
Other				
Parking			On street	







Summary

Location: Size: 2.27 acres

Opened: 1895

Jackson Park is a linear park that runs one and a half blocks south of Encinal Avenue. The park features many mature trees of varied species, a decorative gazebo structure with restroom, picnic areas and a historic memorial bench at the south end. Homes face the park along the length of both sides of the park.













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Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Picnic Areas	4	Good	Ornamental style picnic tables	Repair asphalt paths throughout
Open Lawn	Yes	Good		park
Paths/Walks	Yes	Poor	6' path	Repair benches
Benches	4	Fair	Recycled plastic ornamental style	 Provide bocce court to activate
Trash Receptacles	4	Good	Ornamental style	park
Picnic Areas	3	Good	Ornamental style picnic tables	Repair bandstand/gazebo which is
Restrooms	Yes	Good	In bandstand structure	deteriorating due to dry-rot
Drinking Fountain	Yes	Good	Double fountain, ornamental,	Replace park identification sign
			accessible	 Install updated irrigation controller
Park Signage	Yes			 Replace park lighting
Lighting	Yes			 Renovate older planting (e.g. prune
Other			Bandstand/gazebo Historic memorial bench	overgrown trees, replace declining trees)







Summary

Location: 900 Mound Street

Size: 7.46 acres Opened: 1943

Krusi Park is packed with amenities. The park offers a four-plex of ballfields, three tennis courts, large play areas for both 2-5 year and 5-12 year age groups, and several picnic areas. The park borders Frank Otis Elementary School where there are two basketball courts and a variety of striped hardcourt games. Two cell phone tower installed on the tennis court lights generate lease revenue for ARPD.







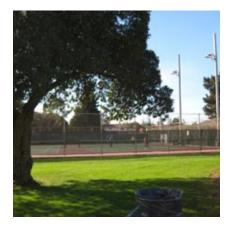








Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building Play Lots	2	Good/Fair	Separated play lots for ages 2-5 and 5-12. Tot lot is fenced, with accessible structure by Burke, additional structures including dragon play element by Little Tykes, and a sand play pit. Surfacing is fiber and synthetic. There is a shade pergola with parent seating and tables, and a Memorial Plaque to Ida Krusi. Age 5-12 play lot structure by	 Perform play lot safety inspection Paint /repair play equipment, fencing and site furnishings Improve tennis court lighting Replace tennis cour fencing Remove broken pay phone box Consider community garden possibilities Replace park identification signs
Picnic Areas	4	Good/Fair	Burke, plus flexible balance beam and swings. New picnic area with 4 accessible concrete tables, 2 game tables, 3 concrete grills and 3 trash receptacles Older picnic area with 2 wood tables and 2 metal grills Picnic at 2-5 tot lot has wood shade pergola and 2 recycled plastic picnic tables	
Open Lawn	Yes			
Ballfields	4	Good	2 baseball & 2 softball fields, all unlighted, with aluminium bleachers (4) and concrete picnic tables (2)	
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Soccer or Football overlay on ballfields	
Tennis Courts	3	Fair	Lighted courts, with bleachers and recycled plastic benches	













Features		Condition	Description
reactives		(Good,	Description
		Fair, Poor)	
Paths/Walks	Yes	Fair/Poor	6.5' width adequate for ADA
Restrooms	Yes		Attached to recreation building
Storage/Maintenance	Yes		
Park Signage	Yes	Fair/Poor	Park identification, general ARPD rules, tennis rules signage at tennis courts (3), alcohol signage
Lighting	Yes		Only tennis courts are lighted
Benches	3+	Good/Fair	Concrete memorial bench located at 2-5 year play area
Trash Receptacles	6	Good/Fair	Multiple styles of trash -wood, concrete, barrels
Bike Racks	2	Fair	Older metal racks (1 near tennis, 1 at restroom)
Drinking Fountain	3	Good/Fair	Accessible
Parking			On street
Other			Babe Ruth World Series monument
			 Built-in Ping Pong table at restrooms
			 Hopscotch and 4-square at restrooms

Leydecker Park

Summary

Location: 3225 Mecartney Road

Size: 5.88 acres Opened: 1980

Leydecker Park features a lighted ballfield, three tennis courts, a lighted basketball court and a fenced play area. A walking/jogging path meanders around the perimeter of the ballfield. A recreation building and library are located at the edge of the park.

Mecartney Road runs the length of the park on the south side. Residential uses are on the west and north and to the east is the Harbor Bay Landing Shopping Center.

Perimeter lighting and night use of ballfield promote safety, and the adjacent library/community center provides natural surveillance during daytime hours.















Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1		Community Center/Library	Repair / replace pathway paving
Play Lots	1	Good	Fenced and lighted playlot for ages 2-5 with structure by Park Structures, and parent seating	Provide age appropriateness signage at play lotsPerform playground safety
Picnic Areas	4	Fair	North Side picnic areas with 3 wood tables (1 accessible), 2 grills and 3 trash receptacles. South Side picnic areas (near play area) with 2 picnic tables and 2 trash receptacles	 refront playground safety inspection Replace broken bike racks with new metal bike racks Repair / replace worn site furnishings
Ballfields	1	Good/Fair	Lighted softball field with aluminum bleacher seating, wooden player's benches, and a warm-up pitcher's mound	 Replace benches on elevated concrete pad with game table or picnic area Consider community garden plots
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Football overlaid on softball	near community center and seating
Basketball Courts	1	Fair	Lighted court	area
				Replace irrigation system and
Tennis Courts	3	Fair	Lighted courts with benches and a storage bin	update irrigation controllers • Replace park lighting, including at
Paths/Walks	Yes	Poor		ballfield and tennis courts
Restrooms	Yes		At Community Center/Library	 Provide restroom near ballfield and
Park Signage	Yes	Good/Fair	Park identification, general ARPD park rules, picnic area and ballfield rental/permit sign, dog/pet signage, alcoholic beverage signage, tennis court rules and schedule, skateboarding restrictions signage	 Provide separation between basketball courts and play area (potentially conflicting uses)













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description
Lighting	Yes	Fair	Pathway fixtures with wood posts
Benches	3+	Good/Fair	Memorial and other benches
Trash Receptacles	7+	Fair	Mostly concrete trash receptacles, some barrels
Bike Racks	11	Good/Fair	2 metal racks, and 9 wood post racks
Drinking Fountain	Yes	Good	Located at ballfield, accessible
Parking	Yes		 6 stalls at tennis courts Additional parking at library, 1 handicap stall and access
Other			Empty Play Pit/Seating Area Two benches on elevated concrete pad with steps and rocks

Lincoln Park

Summary

Location: 1450 High Street

Size: 7.8 acres Opened: 1909

Lincoln Park caters to both active and passive users, featuring the Dick Bartell Field (baseball or softball game field), the John Ratto Bocce Courts, a tennis court, basketball, two play areas, handball and picnic areas set amid mature shade trees. The park includes rose gardens and enhanced planting areas at the entry with benches, and decomposed granite paths. Homes back onto the north and south lengths of the park with High Street and Fernside bordering the west and east sides. Video surveillance and lighting enhance security.















1425 Fernside Boulevard









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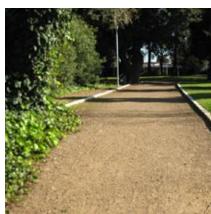


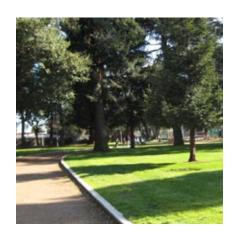


Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Buildings Play Lots	2	Good	 Harrison Center Recreation Shed Historic Building Separated play lots for ages 2-5 	 Replace perimeter fencing Renovate irrigation system and update irrigation controllers Replace park lighting
			 and ages 5-12, with play structures by Landscape Structures over fiber surfacing. The young children's playlot is partially fenced, and includes bucket swings and a sand box. There is parent seating, shade trees and ADA access. The older children's playlot is also ADA accessible, and shaded by trees. 	 Resurface and repair tennis and basketball courts Repair tennis court fencing Renovate DG and asphalt pathways Complete ADA access improvements Repair drains to resolve drainage issues Repair / replace worn site
Picnic Areas	6+	Fair/Poor	Picnic areas include 8 metal tables on decomposed granite, with 6 metal grills, and a group picnic area with 5 metal tables under a shade structure, and a large grill and serving table. There are trash receptacles, and one drinking fountain.	 furnishings, bleachers, drinking fountains and fencing Renovate patio area Renovate restrooms Add community garden plots near buildings or picnic sites
Open Lawn Ballfield	Yes 1	Good Good	The baseball/softball, is unlit, with a fenced outfield and protective fencing for adjacent homes. The area includes wood bleachers, a picnic table and drinking fountain.	 Provide lighting for evening bocce use
Soccer/Football Field Basketball Court Tennis Court	Yes 1	Fair Fair	Overlaid on ballfield Full court with two benches. Fenced tennis court.	
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Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description
Handball	2	Fair	
Skate Feature	1	Good	
Bocce Area	2	Good	Fenced and locked courts along with a concession building, 3 wooden picnic tables, a double grill, benches and trash receptacles.
Paths/Walks	Yes	Fair/Poor	
Restrooms	1		
Storage/Maintenance	1		
Park Signage			Various signs including permitting, park rules, and rental information.
Lighting	Yes	Good	
Benches	14+	Good/Fair	Multiple benches of different styles
Trash Receptacles	15+	Good/Fair	Multiple trash of different styles, recycle bin at handball court
Bike Racks	2	Fair	1 at parking, 1 at basketball
Drinking Fountains	2	Good	
Parking	Yes	Poor	24 stalls, 2 are ADA accessible
Other			Tetherball and four-square markings
			Ornamental iron fence at entry
			Boulder with plaque about Indian site







Littlejohn Park

Summary

Location: 1401 PacificAvenue

Size: 3.45 acres Opened: 1976

Littlejohn Park features an unlighted multi-use field for baseball. softball, soccer and football. It also has several picnic areas, two half basketball courts, a 2-12 year-old age group playground and open lawn for informal play. There is enhanced planting at the entry near the community building. Parking is on-street only, and the park is surrounded on 3 sides by residences. There is ADA access to the group picnic area.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1			■ Repair / replace worn site
Play Lots	1	Good	The fenced play area for children aged 2-12 years, has 2 structures by Miracle Play in fiber surfacing, a sand play area, and parent seating.	 furnishing at picnic areas Repave asphalt pathways where damaged Consider community garden plots
Picnic Areas	3	Fair	 One group picnic area has 4 tables, 2 of which are accessible, a large 4-sided grill, 2 smaller grills and trash receptacles. A second picnic area has 2 tables, 1 large concrete grill and trash receptacles. The third picnic area has 2 concrete tables, 2 large concrete grills and trash receptacles. 	near play lot Replace park lighting Renovate irrigation system and install updated irrigation controller
Open Lawn	1			
Ballfields	1	Good/Fair	Unlighted baseball/softball field	
Soccer/Football Fields	1		Overlay on ballfield	
Basketball Courts	2	Good	2 half courts, with benches and trash receptacles	
Paths/Walks	Yes	Fair/Poor	8' asphalt path	
Restrooms	1		At rec building	
Storage/Maintenance	1		Shed near play area	
Park Signage	Yes		Park monument signs (2)	
Lighting	Yes			
Benches	4+	Fair	Worn wooden benches	
Trash Receptacles	13+	Fair/Poor	Various styles including dumpster at ballfield	
Bike Racks	2			
Drinking Fountains	2			







Longfellow Park

Summary

Location: 520 Lincoln Avenue

Size: 1.14 acres Opened: 1941

Longfellow Park is a small park that offers play areas, basketball, handball/volleyball, a tennis court, open lawn and a group picnic area. There is also a recreation building with restrooms. The park is bordered by residential streets on two sides, residences on one side and the Nea Community Learning Center across Lincoln Avenue. The entire park is fenced, with a lockable gate. Neighbors on one side provide eyes on the park. Parking is on street.









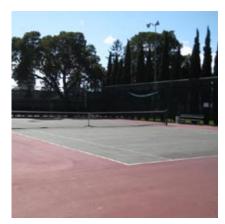






Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1			Repair asphalt at courts and paths
Play Lots	2	Good/Fair	Separated play areas for ages 2-5 and 5-12. Young children's play area has a "Thomas" train play element and sand play pit. The older children's area has a play structure by Miracle on fiber surfacing.	 Provide age appropriateness signage at play lots, and replace faded signage and park identification sign Replace fencing
Picnic Areas	1	Good/Fair	One accessible long wood table, a double grill at the open lawn area.	 Resurface tennis courts and repair court lighting
Open Lawn	2	Good		 Replace sidewalk in front of park
Basketball Courts	1	Good/Fair	Full court, with fencing at backboard near picnic area	Renovate restroomsUpdate irrigation controllers
Tennis Courts	1	Fair	Lighted, fenced and screened court, with wood benches and metal trash receptacles.	
Volleyball	1	Poor		
Handball	1	Good/Fair	Concrete ball wall	
Paths/Walks	Yes			
Restrooms	1	Good		
Park Signage	Yes	Good/Fair	Various signs including park rules, skateboarding, tennis court rules and alcohol prohibition	
Lighting	Yes		Only tennis courts are lighted	
Benches	1	Good	Wood bench	
Trash Receptacles	10	Good/Fair	Various styles including recycling bin	
Bike Racks	2	Fair		
Drinking Fountain	1	Good		
Other			Tetherball and hardscape striped games	













Location: Main Street at Atlantic Avenue

Size: 11 acres Opened: 2001

Main Street Linear Park contains a segment of the Bay Trail It provides separated pedestrian-bicycle paths with open lawn areas and rest nodes with benches, bike racks and trash. The northern portion of the park is also used for stormwater retention and features wetland planting. Residences back onto the eastern boundary of the park. The west side is bordered by Main Street. The configuration of the park allows views in from adjacent homes and passing vehicles, and lighting and the residential neighbors enhance the park's security.













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Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Open Lawn	3			Add picnic area
Paths/Walks	Yes	Fair/Poor	Separate paths (8' each) signed for bicycles and pedestrians	Repair asphalt as neededProvide community garden or
Park Signage	Yes	Good	San Francisco Bay Trail signs	orchard areas
Lighting	Yes	Good(?)		 Provide park identification and
Benches	8	Good	Recycled plastic benches	general park rules signage
Trash Receptacles	5	Good		
Bike Racks	3	Good		
Other			Park also used for stormwater retention	

Marina Cove Waterfront Park

Summary

Location: 1591 Clement Street

Size: 3.2 acres

Marina Cove Waterfront Park runs along the marina from Clement Avenue to Alameda Yacht Club. The park features open lawn areas at each end connected by a walk overlooking the water. Picnic areas, benches and a play area provide opportunities to rest and enjoy the views. Park lighting enhances safety.

















Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Play Lots	1	Good	The play lot for ages 5-12 years includes a play structure by Miracle with a rope climber, an animal spring rider, and an accessible ramp into a play pit of fiber surfacing.	 Provide ADA accessable table Consider community garden plots at eastern end of park
Picnic Areas	5	Good	3 locations have a concrete picnic table and trash receptacle, 2 have a game table	
Open Lawn	2	Good		
Paths/Walks/ Hardscape	Yes	Good	There is an 8' wide walking path, and a compass feature in concrete.	
Restroom			Sign for public restroom at Grand Marina	
Park Signage	Yes	Good	Include general park rules, and BCDC Public Shore Signs	
Lighting	Yes	Good	Lighted bollards throughout park	
Benches	10+	Good	Concrete benches with skate stops	
Trash Receptacles	9+	Good	Concrete trash	
Bike Racks	2	Good		
Drinking Fountain	3	Good		
Parking	yes	Good	Public Shore Parking includes 8 stalls, 1 handicap	
Other			Concrete planters	







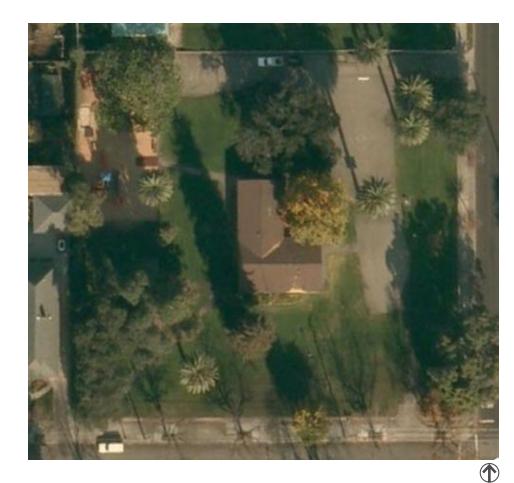
McKinley Park

Summary

Location: 2165 Buena Vista Avenue

Size: 1.22 acres Opened: 1909

McKinley Park is a 1.2 acre neighborhood park in a predominantly residential neighborhood with some industrial uses nearby. The park offers play structures for both 2-5 year and 5-12 year age groups, picnic areas, basketball, volleyball and a variety of hardscape games (hopscotch, etc). A recreation building is also located in the park. Thompson Park, a football field managed by the school district, is located adjacent to McKinley Park.











Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building Play Lots Picnic Areas Open Lawn Volleyball Paths/Walks Restrooms	1 1 3 Yes 1 Yes 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Play structures by Miracle for both 2-5 years and 5-12 years age groups on engineered fiber surfacing, plus a sand play area Each area has a picnic table and grill, and handicap signage Asphalt court Fair In recreation building	 Upgrade picnic areas for accessibility Repair / replace worn site furnishings Renovate basketball court Replace fencing Replace park lighting Replace park identification sign
Park Signage	Yes	Good	Includes monument sign, general park rules and skateboarding restriction	
Lighting	Yes	Fair/Poor	Ornamental pedestrian lighting	
Benches	5	Good/Fair	Wood benches, and a concrete memorial bench	
Trash Receptacles	11	Good	Barrels and a large recycling bin	
Bike Racks	1	Good	At recreation building	
Drinking Fountain	1	Fair	ADA accessible	
Other			Perimeter fencing in fair condition Flag pole without a flag Hardscape games -numbers, alphabet, four-square, etc.	







Location: 2301 Webster Street

Size: 3.08 acres Opened: 1991

Neptune Park acts as the gateway to the City from the Webster Street Tunnel. The park features the City's monument sign and flagpoles set in a large lawn open lawn area. Enhanced planting areas with a path and seating run the south edge of the park, near the adjacent residences. The park is highly visible from the street.





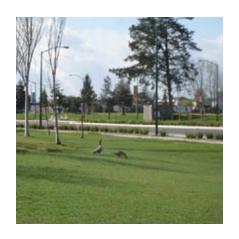








Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Open Lawn	1			Repair concrete walk
Paths/Walks	Yes	Good/Fair	7.5' wide concrete walk	 Add community garden area
Park Signage	Yes	Good	Includes City of Alameda gateway signage, park monument sign and general park rules sign	 Improve drainage near senior housing entrance
Lighting	Yes		Lighting at south end of park only along path	
Benches	7	Good/Fair	Wood benches	
Trash Receptacles	3	Good	Concrete trash	
Bike Racks	0			







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Osborne Model Airplane Field

Summary

Location: Doolittle Drive at Harbor Bay

Parkway

Size: 1.3 acres Opened: 1947

The Bill Osborne Model Airplane Field is a single purpose park, offering two dedicated flying circles for tethered aircraft. Shaded picnic areas and work benches are also provided. The park is partially fenced.















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Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Picnic Areas	3	Good/Fair	Picnic areas are shaded (wood structures with corrugated metal), with 3 picnic tables and 2 grills.	Make picnic area and restrooms accessibleRepair asphalt and concrete on
Flying Field			Two flying circles for tethered airplanes, with wooden work benches for airplane repair.	 Repair aspirant and concrete on landing Repair / replace worn and broken site furnishings, signage and fence
Paths/Walks	Yes	Fair/Poor	Path goes beyond park to shoreline	
Restrooms	1	Good	1 portable toilet, locked	 Renovate irrigation system
Storage/Maintenance	Yes		Storage container on-site	
Park Signage	Yes	Fair	Includes park monument sign and regulatory signage	
Benches	Yes	Fair/Poor	Multiple wood benches and seating logs	
Trash Receptacles	Yes	Good	Barrels	
Parking	Yes		4 stalls plus 1 handicap stall	
Other				

Osborne Model Airplane Field







Location: 1400 Otis Drive

Size: 4.81 acres Opened: 1963

Rittler Park offers two ballfields on 4.8 acres with soccer overlaid on the outfields. The park is in a residential neighborhood bordered on two sides by Donald Lum Elementary and Wood Middle Schools.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Ballfields	2	Good/Fair	Unlighted fields with backstops, 4 player benches and 2 five-row bleachers (1 wood, 1 aluminium). Turf is in good condition.	Light fields for evening useAdd restroomReplace faded signage
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Overlay on ballfields, portable goals.	
Storage/Maintenance	Yes		Storage container	
Park Signage	Yes	Fair	Park Monument Sign (wood)	
Trash Receptacles	3		Barrels	
Other			Robert Lippert memorial plaque	







Location: 2801 Seaview Parkway

Size: 31.83 acres Opened: 1981

The largest park in Alameda, this linear park with pedestrian/bike path runs along the northwestern shore of Bay Farm Island. Benches are provided throughout, providing many opportunities to rest and enjoy the spectacular views. Picnic areas, rest rooms and play areas are provided in several areas. The park is lighted for safety and is part of the San Francisco Bay Trail. Multiple access points along the trail allow users to reach the trail from various locations. Shoreline Park's trail is the most heavily used excercise path in the City. Parking is on-street. Some features of the park lack ADA access.







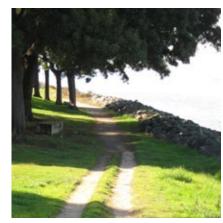






Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Play Lots Picnic Areas Open Lawn Paths/Walks	1 8 Yes	Good/Fair Varies Good Varies	Boat theme play element in sand pit Multiple picnic areas with tables, grills and trash receptacles Multi-use paths are comprised of	 Improve ADA access throughout the park Repair / replace broken and worn site furnishings and faded signage Repave asphalt trail
		Varies	an 8' asphalt path and attached 4' decomposed granite path. There is also a foot path at the water edge.	 Replace lighting throughout park Renovate all restrooms Add community garden areas at
Park Signage	3 Yes	Fair/Poor	Monument signs and general park rules.	 Add community garden areas at eastern portion of park Install mile markers for walkers and runners Install updated irrigation controllers
Lighting	Yes	Poor	Multiple styles of pedestrian scaled lighting. Bollard lighting in some locations.	
Benches	Yes	Good/Fair	Multiple benches throughout the park, including wood block benches and concrete memorial benches.	
Trash Receptacles	Yes	Fair/Poor	Various styles of trash receptacles inlouding concrete with lids, barrels, and recycling bins at two of the picnic areas	
Bike Racks	2			
Drinking Fountain	1			
Other			■ Concrete overlook area	
			Boardwalk and dock at northeast end of park	







Location: 220 Aughinbaugh Way

Size: 4.01 acres Opened: 1991

Tillman Park features a softball field, play area, picnic areas and recreation building with gathering area. The softball field is also used for soccer and football. Bay Farm Elementary School borders one side of the park, and school parking is available to park users. Residences and residential streets border the other two sides.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1	Good		 Upgrade play lot (scheduled for
Play Lots	1	Good	A play structure by AdventureScapes in a sand surfaced play area. There is also an empty play pit with sand.	2012)Repair / replace broken and worn site furnishings
Picnic Areas	8	Good Fair Good	At Play Area - 2 wood tables on concrete pads, 2 metal grills and 2 trash barrels At Ballfield - 3 wood tables, 2 grills, trash barrels and recycling containers At Pathway - 3 wood tables on concrete pads, 3 metal grills and 3 trash barrels	 Repair paths where uplifted by tree roots Update irrigation controllers Replace park identification signs Replace drinking fountains
Open Lawn	1	Good		
Ballfields	1	Good/Fair	Unlighted softball field with wood player benches	
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Soccer or football overlaid on ballfield	
Paths/Walks	Yes	Good/Fair		
Restrooms	1	Good	Attached to recreation building	
Park Signage	Yes	Good	Park identification, general park rules, rental information, and parking directions	
Lighting	Yes	Good		
Benches	12+	Good/Fair	Various styles of benches	
Trash Receptacles	17+	Good/Fair	Mix of wood slat and barrels	
Bike Racks	3	Good		
Drinking Fountain	1	Good	Accessible	
Other			Charles Tillman memorial plaque	







Towata Park

Summary

Location: 3315 Bridgeway Isle Size: 1.55 acres

Opened: 1991

Towata Park serves as a visual gateway between the main island and Bay Farm Island. Accommodating passive uses, the park features decorative planting areas, a picnic area on the water and some walking/bike paths that create linkages beyond the park. It lacks bike racks.













INVENTORY OF EXISTING PARKS						
Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations		
Picnic Areas	1	Fair	One group area with three tables and three trash receptacles	 Upgrade picnic areas for ADA access 		
Paths/Walks	Yes	Good/Fair	9' paths signed for bicycles	Repair asphalt paths		
Park Signage	Yes	Good	Park monument sign and bike route signage	 Add community garden areas and/ or demonstration garden 		
Lighting	Yes	Good	Lighting near picnic area	 Update irrigation controller 		
Benches	Yes	Fair	Wood benches	Provide windbreaks		
Trash Receptacles	Yes	Good	Concrete trash	 Replace park identification signage 		
Parking	Yes	Fair/Poor	2 handicap stalls provided			







Washington Park

Summary

Location: 740 Central Avenue

Size: 14.71 acres

Upper Park Opened: 1909 Lower Park Opened: 1976

Washington Park is the largest park in Alameda, other than the passive use Shoreline Park. It provides multiple sports facilities including lighted baseball, softball and tennis, volleyball and basketball, and soccer overlaid on the baseball outfields. Divided into an Upper and Lower Park, Washington Park is well equipped with restrooms, storage, and picnic/barbeque areas that can accommodate large groups. Some features in the park are not ADA compliant.

























Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations	
Recreation Building	1			Upgrade for ADA access	
Play Lots	2	Good	Separated play lots for ages 2-5 and 5-12, with structures by Miracle on engineered fiber surfacing. Swing set on fiber surfacing.	 throughout park Add picnic areas, especially for groups Repair / replace lighting for fields 	
Picnic Areas	10		Multiple picnic areas including group picnic with large concrete grill and rotisserie	and courts, and update park lighting	
Open Lawn	Yes	Good		 Replace stairs between upper and lower park 	
Ballfields	2	Good	Two lighted ballfields with backstops, player seating and bleachers.	 Repair / replace worn and broker site furnishings, including bleache Remove underused volleyball 	
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Overlaid on ballfield		
Basketball Courts	2	Fair	Full courts	and horseshoe facilities - relocate	
Tennis Courts	6		6 lighted tennis courts with 5-row metal bleachers, and two practice areas with backboards	basketball to volleyball site to minimize conflicts with after-scho program	
Volleyball	1			 Add spectator seating for 	
Horseshoes	1			basketball	
Paths/Walks	Yes	Good	Asphalt paths	Replace fencing	
Restrooms	2	Good	Upper restroom recently renovated to maintain historic character.	Renovate irrigationResurface tennis and basketball	
Storage/Maintenance	Yes			courts	
Park Signage	Yes		Park monument signs in wood and concrete		

Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	
Lighting	Yes	Good	Various styles of pedestrian pathway lighting.	
Benches	Yes	Good/Fair	Multiple wood benches, and concrete memorial benches	
Trash Receptacles	Yes	Varies	Various styles including barrels, concrete and large recycling bin at restroom	
Drinking Fountain	1	Good	Double fountain with pet bowl, ADA accessible	
Parking	Yes	Good		
Other			Wood fencing at lower park	







Washington Dog Park

Summary

Location: 740 Central Avenue

Size: 5.7 acres Opened: 1996

Washington Dog Park is adjacent to Washington Park and offers separately fenced areas for large and small dogs. It is owned by East Bay Regional Parks Department and leased to Alameda Recreation and Parks Department. It lacks irrigation, and little lawn remains.













Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Fenced Dog Play Areas	2	Fair	Separated fenced areas for large and small dogs, with plastic bag dispeners, information kiosk and bulletin board.	Repair / replace site furnishingsReplant lawn areas
Park Signage	Yes	Good/Fair	Multiple signs indicating park name and park rules	
Benches	Yes	Fair	Multiple benches and plastic lawn furniture, along with picnic tables.	
Trash Receptacles	Yes	Fair	Multiple trash receptacles and plastic bins for dog waste.	
Drinking Fountain			Water spigot for dogs, and a hose for cleaning	
Parking	Yes		Shares parking with Washington Park, handicap stall at entry to Dog Park	









Location: 351 Cypress Avenue

Size: 3.96 acres Opened: 1957

Woodstock Park is bordered by residences, Woodstock Elementary and Chipman Middle School, and The Boys and Girls Club. The park features a recreation center as well as a lighted softball/multipurpose field, plays areas, and picnic areas. There are multiple access points into the park from residential streets, the schools and The Boys and Girls Club. Although the furnishings are older, the park is generally in good condition and well maintained. While some surrounding residences improve security by providing "eyes onto the park," this park does appear to be more prone to vandalism (graffiti and broken furnishings) and litter than many other parks in Alameda. A number of features of Woodstock Park are not ADA accessible or compliant, including picnic areas, play areas, and the entry adjacent to the handicap parking.













INVENTORY OF EXISTING PARKS

Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Recreation Building	1	Fair		 Upgrade for ADA access throughout the park
Play Lots (2-5)	2	Fair	Separated, fenced play areas for ages 2-5 and 5-12, with play structures on fiber surfacing.	 Renovate ballfield Improve drainage at lawn area
Picnic Areas	3	Good	Picnic areas have 3 tables each (wood or recycled plastic), and trash receptacles. Two have barbeques.	Repair asphalt pathwaysRepave parking area
Open Lawn	Yes	Good/Fair		 Add community garden areas
Ballfields	1	Good/Fair	Lighted softball field with one set of 5-row bleachers	south of the ballfields Replace park lighting as well as
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good/Fair	Soccer / football overlaid on ballfield	ballfield lighting
Paths/Walks	1	Fair/Poor	10' wide asphalt path	Rennovate irrigation
Restroom	1		Inside community building only	Conduct playground safety inspection
Storage/Maintenance	Yes			Provide parent seating at play lots
Park Signage	Yes	Fair	Signage regarding dogs and alcohol	Remove abandoned phone box
Lighting	Yes	Good	Throughout park and at ballfield	
Benches	7+	Good/Fair	Mostly older wooden benches, some recycled plastic benches	
Trash Receptacles	6+	Good	Barrels	
Bike Racks	1	Good	Adjacent storage building	
Drinking Fountain	1	Good	At 5-12 year play area	
Parking	Yes	Fair	17 stalls	
Other			Four square and alphabet game	







Alameda Point Multi-Purpose Field

Summary

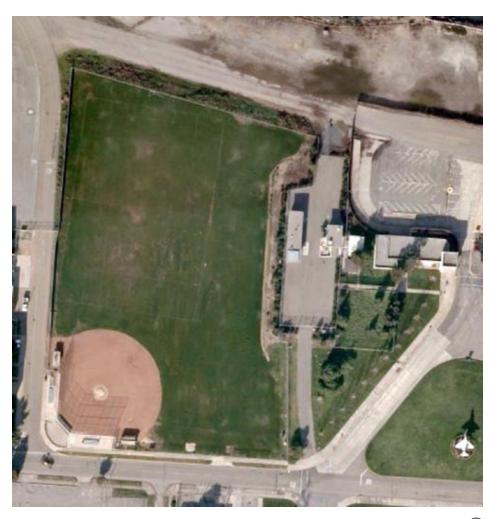
Location: West Red Line Avenue

Size: 4.8 acres

Alameda Point Multi-Purpose field is within the Tidelands Trust area. It is used for both baseball and soccer. The park is fenced. there is on-street parking, only.











INVENTORY OF EXISTING PARKS

Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Ballfields	1	Good	One unlighted field with backstop, concrete dugouts, player benches, and 3 sets of aluminum bleachers.	Provide wayfinding signage and park identification signLight fields for evening use
Soccer/Football Fields	1	Good	Soccer overlaid on baseball field. Practice soccer field can be separated from the ballfield with termporary fencing.	 Renovate irrigation, update irrigation controller, and replace 2" water meter with 3" water meter to improve water pressure
Restrooms	Yes	Good	Two portable toilets.	to improve water pressure
Park Signage	Yes			







City View Skate Park

Summary

Location: 1177 West Redline Avenue

Size: 0.55 acres

City View Skate Park is located on Alameda Point, within the Tidelands Trust Zone. The park features concrete bowls, ramps and jumps and a spectacular view of San Francisco. Park hours are dawn to dusk. The park is not lighted, nor does it have amenities such as benches, bike racks or picnic areas. The park is fenced and padlocked during non-use hours. As there are no surrounding neighbors, there is no informal surveillance and graffiti and litter are present.









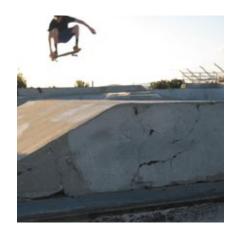






INVENTORY OF EXISTING PARKS

Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Skatepark	X	Fair/Poor	Fenced concrete skatepark with bowls and ramps	Provide wind-protected seating areaRepair cracked concrete
Open Lawn	1			Replace worn signs
Restroom	1	Fair	Portable Toilet	 Provide landscaping at perimeter
Park Signage	Yes	Fair	Skate park and general rules signage	of park
Trash Receptacles	1	Fair	Plastic with lid	
Drinking Fountain	1			
Parking	Yes			







Main Street Dog Park

Summary

Location: Main Street (Alamdea Point)

Size: 1.3 acres

Main Street Dog Park on Alameda Point is a fenced area for dogs of all sizes. It is not located in a Tidelands Trust area. A picnic table and moveable seating are provided, as well as a water thermos for dogs. The park is not ADA accessible.















INVENTORY OF EXISTING PARKS

Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Dog Play Area	1	Fair	Fenced dog play area, lacking irrigation or lawn maintenance.	 Provide fixed furniture for dog owners
Picnic Areas	*		Concrete picnic table (1)	Provide watter connection, and
Park Signage	Yes	Good	Dog exercise area rules signage	drinking fountain for dogs and
Benches	Yes		Lawn furniture	owners
Trash Receptacles	Yes		1 covered plastic trash outside of fenced area, plastic bag dispenser	 Create separate play area for smaldogs
Parking	Yes		Parking at street edge	







Summary Location: 1901 Main Street Size: 4.7 acres

The Main Street (Atlantic) Soccer Fields are located on Alameda Point. The fields are available for organized practice by permit from the ARPD. The site can be configured as one regulation field or two bantam fields.

The park lacks amenities such as benches, bike racks, or picnic areas. It is unlit. Although there is ample parking, there are no handicap stalls. The pedestrian entry is not accessible, nor is the bleacher seating.















INVENTORY OF EXISTING PARKS

Features		Condition (Good, Fair, Poor)	Description	Recommendations
Soccer/Football Fields	1/2	Good	1 regulation field or 2 youth fields, with 4 goals and 2 sets of 5-row moveable bleachers	 Improve ADA access Add drinking fountain Build permanent restroom Repair / replace bleachers, and provide site furnishings such as picnic tables, bike racks Provide lighting for evening play Provide electricial connection for irrigaton controller
Paths/Walks	Yes	Poor	Remnant sidewalk along north edge of field and path along south edge of field in poor condition	
Restroom	1		Portable toilet	
Park Signage	Yes	Fair	ARPD rules and field permit signage	
Trash Receptacles	4	Good	Barrels	
Parking	Yes	Poor	■ 92+/- stalls	
Other			Chain link fencing	





B - Facilities Inventory

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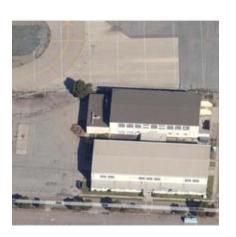


Figure 6 – Existing Facilities

The Alameda Point Gymnasium is located in historic Alameda Point, formerly the Alameda Naval Air Station. The Navy closed this base in 1997 and transferred the property to the City of Alameda.

The approximately 60,000 square foot facility is actually two buildings connected by a corridor and support spaces. There is quite an array of amenities in this facility such as game courts, swimming pool, indoor racquetball courts, weight and machine rooms, fitness rooms, saunas, team-sized showers and locker rooms as well as meeting spaces. It is also adjacent to baseball and soccer fields.

Dating to the original development of the Naval Air Station in the 1940s, the buildings show significant wear consistent with more than 70 years of use.









Program Summary

The Alameda Point Gymnasium is a four-court gymnasium providing programming space for youth and adult sport leagues and clinics, primarily in volleyball and basketball.

Programming limitations include heating (the gym is "ice cold" during the winter) and lack of compliance with ADA accessibility standards. The weight room and cardio area are not open to the public due to the lack of ADA compliance. Spectator seating for the courts is adequate, but its proximity to the playing court poses safety issues.

Upgrades such as installing permanent baskets and court lines, allowing for the full use of the fourth court for all age groups, will increase the number of participants this facility can serve.

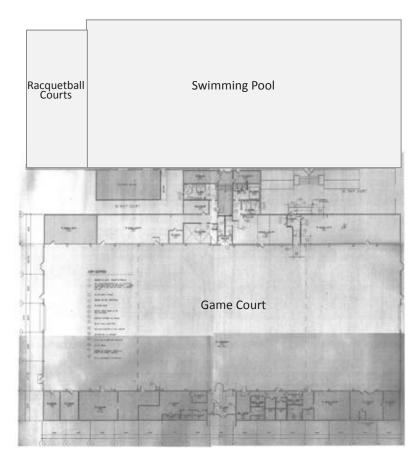
The pool building is not currently in use.

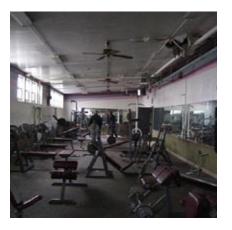
Facility Condition Summary

The building has undergone minimal improvements since the change of ownership and is in need of many repairs/upgrades. The court and swimming pool buildings are high-roofed wood-framed structures with wood trusses and columns. The roof, which was replaced after it was acquired from the Navy, is problematic at the edge transitions and is causing water damage. The buildings are uninsulated and there are no mechanical systems other than exhaust. It has wood siding on the exterior that is in fair condition.

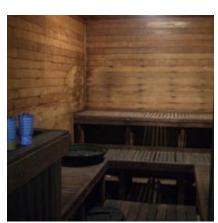
In the game court building interior, the painted plywood boards have countless holes that have been boarded up. Some of the wood columns are hollow. The windows are leaking and have broken glass. The wood floor is in good condition. The pool building has a concrete floor and is generally in better shape. The single-story auxiliary spaces flanking and connecting the two spaces have worn finishes and non-ADA compliant thresholds. The ceilings and windows are damaged in a few areas.

A separate 2008 Accessibility Compliance Survey Report proposed a number of improvements, including accommodations at all entrances, restrooms, service points and door hardware and thresholds.











- The gymnasium building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- It will not likely be cost-effective to modernize the pool building to either meet community aquatics needs or bring the building into compliance with modern codes. It has been identified as a potential surplus asset for the City.
- Moderate to significant upgrades to materials, systems, and finishes are needed in order to extend the gym building's useful life and improve functionality.
- A separate study has been completed that identifies specific accessibility deficiencies.
- It is likely that the building does not comply with current building and energy code requirements. Further study to identify and prioritize specific deficiencies is needed.











Bayport is a new residential development near the former Alameda Naval Air Station. Bayport Park is centrally located in the community and is adjacent to the Ruby Bridges Elementary School.

The 1,700 square foot community building was built in 2008 and sits centered between Bayport Park and Ruby Bridges Elementary School on Jack London Avenue. The building is in excellent condition.



Program Summary

The Bayport Park facility features a multi-purpose room, kitchen, and dedicated program restrooms that enhance the ability to provide youth programming in a controlled environment.

Programming is focused on youth needs including the Recreation Afterschool Program (RAP), Parks and Playground, and Summer Parks and Playgrounds program open to elementary school age children with activities such as arts and crafts, drama, and games. Fee-based classes (such as cooking) and weekend rentals are also offered.







Facility Condition Summary

The community building is an open multi-purpose room that can be accessed directly by either of the two exterior entrances — one facing the park and the other facing the school. It has ample daylight from the south facing windows. On the northeast corner are the accessory spaces— a kitchenette, office, and two restrooms that are exclusive to the building. A separate public/park restroom building stands at the opposite end of the park.

The facility is a prefabricated building with a flat roof, stucco exterior finish, and metal framed dual-glazed windows. The interior finishes are composite vinyl wall panel, resilient flooring and acoustic tile ceiling. A 5-ton HVAC-unit serves the building. None of the windows are operable. The building is equipped with a fire alarm and security system.

The facility is new and is in excellent condition and appears to meet current accessibility requirements.







- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.













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Franklin Park sits in a charming neighborhood of Alameda called the Gold Coast. The neighborhood was given that name because homes once sat along the southern coastline facing San Francisco across the bay. Despite the changes that moved the waterfront further south, the neighborhood projects an aura of another era with its quiet and wide streets lined with mature trees and unique Victorian homes.

The 1,650 square foot recreation building is a delightful complement to the surrounding neighborhood with its vibrant colors and decorative details.

It is generally in good condition, but is showing the wear and tear associated with daily use over most than 20 years since its last major remodel.









Program Summary

The Franklin Park facility hosts the Recreation Afterschool Program (RAP), Parks and Playground, and Summer Parks and Playgrounds Program open to elementary school age children with activities including arts and crafts, cooking, drama, and games.

Additionally, this site offers healthy eating classes and Chef-K, a culinary and health education program for youth ages 7 to 18. Franklin Park is a popular destination, especially the playground area for younger children.

Facility Condition Summary

The recreation building has a straightforward layout. A glass-enclosed office in the middle has a full view of the playground, the public restrooms on one side of the building, and the multi-purpose room on the other side. The storage room and kitchenette are easily accessed from the multi-purpose room.

The latest remodel to the building was done in 1989. The painted CMU building is generally in good condition since the building materials are of durable quality. The portions of the building in need of repair/maintenace are generally those that have wood finishes such as the roof fascia, trim, bottom of doors and some of the roof and metal gutters. The multi-purpose room receives adequate daylight; the light quality in the space could be improved by replacing the light fixtures and painting the high ceiling.

Signage does not comply with current accessibility guidelines. Given the age of the building, further evaluation should be completed to determine other features that may require accessibility or code improvements.



useful life.

Recommendations

■ The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use. Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its

Moderate to significant upgrades to

materials, systems, and/or finishes

are needed in order to extend the

■ The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or

building's useful life.

accessibility performance.







FRANKLIN

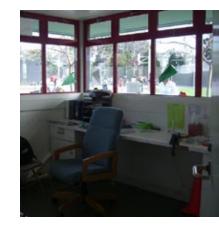
MULTI- PURPASE!

ROOM



2





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Godfrey Park is located in Bay Farm Island which is separated from the main island of Alameda by an estuary.

The 1,500 square foot recreation building was built in 1963. It has not had any major capital improvements in recent years, and is showing significant wear and tear.







Program Summary

The Godfrey Park recreation facility offers a Tiny Tots recreational pre-school program during the week. This facility is the base for the City's summer World of Wonder (WOW) Camps that are available to children in grades 1 through 5. The Alameda Little League and City-hosted golf programs are also held at this location.

Facility Condition Summary

The multi-purpose room is a high-ceilinged space that takes up half of the recreation building. There is a smaller meeting space adjacent to the multipurpose room that can be closed off by a folding partition. The other half of the building includes the office, kitchenette, and restrooms. The restrooms have been renovated to have access both from inside the building and from the park, suitable for the needs of the Tiny Tots program.

This older building has a metal roof with damaged gutters and downspouts, wood trellis and wood siding. Both the trellis and the siding are showing signs of significant deterioration with rotting and cracking in several places. The restrooms and doors do not appear to meet current accessibility requirements. Additional study may be needed to identify other areas where the building may not meet current codes and standards.







Recommendations

- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Moderate to significant upgrades to materials, systems, and/or finishes are needed in order to extend the building's useful life.
- There are significant deferred maintenance projects at this facility.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.





Recreation Building Floor Plan

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Leydecker Park is at the center of Bay Farm Island which was once mainly farmland on an island now connected to Oakland. Parking and access to the park from the road is shared with the adjacent Harbor Bay Landing shopping center.

The community center is located at the edge of the park adjacent to the parking lots and is connected to the Bay Farm Library. In addition to the shopping center, its neighbors include Temple Israel of Alameda, Bay Farm Community Church and Peter Pan School.

The approximately 3,000 square foot building is more than 30 years old. It has been well maintained and is generally in good condition.









Program Summary

Leydecker Park hosts Tiny Tots and Summer Tots programs, Parks and Playgrounds, and RAP. It also hosts Leisure Club which is a social recreation program for teens and adults with special needs offering activities such as dances, games, cooking, sports, and seasonal field trips. Other programs include fitness classes such as Cardio Kick and bootcamp workouts, fee-based classes, and weekend rentals. Leydecker Field is used for Nerf and regulation flag football.

Facility Condition Summary

The community center floor plan has several rooms assembled around a skylit corridor that begins at an all-glass entry and office overlooking the playground and park. The two classrooms are permanently set-up for the Tiny Tots program and are adjacent to the restrooms which can be accessed from both the inside and the outside. Across from the classrooms is a sizable multi-purpose room with a kitchen adjoined.

The building is a wood-framed structure with a concrete foundation and sloped framed roof. Heat is provided in the classroom and multi-purpose room through wall diffusers connected to a gas-fired furnace. There is a radiant heater above the windows in the office. Operable sliding windows provide good ventilation.

Originally built in 1980, the building appears to be in good condition. The original cedar shake roof has been replaced with a metal roof that extends to protect the roof's exposed wood beams. The exterior wood siding, paint, and windows are in good condition.

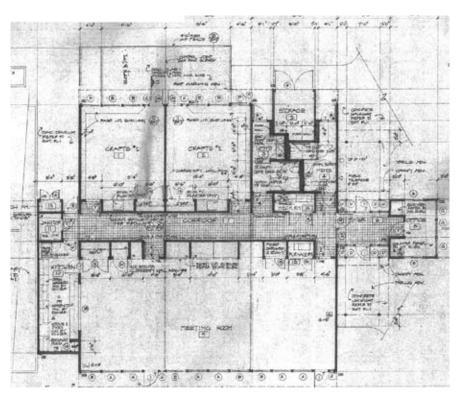
The restrooms and the kitchen appear to be out of compliance with current accessibility requirements.







- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.





Community Center Floor Plan









Lincoln Park is one of the larger parks in the system and has several buildings in it: Harrison Recreation Center, a smaller recreation booth, the swim center building, a restroom/maintenance building, a bocce courts shed, and a historic park lodge.

Harrison Recreation Center was opened in 1955 and underwent a renovation in 1991. The 3,450 square foot buildling is in fair condition, with opportunities for upgrades to systems, materials, and equipment.

The bocce courts shed is largely maintained by its users and the historic park lodge is currently being used for storage.

The swim center is owned and managed by a private organization. It was not assessed as part of this study.







Program Summary

Because of the park's history and popularity, Harrison Recreation Center is considered one of Alameda's primary recreation facilities. It offers Parks and Playgrounds, and fee-based classes including yoga, low-impact cardio, and Tai Chi. The Leisure Club, a social recreation program for teens and adults with special needs, meets twice a month.

The site offers holiday school break camps for children in grades K-5. Weekend rentals are offered. The kitchen and floors are in need of remodeling to support catering for the rentals and to offer expanded cooking classes.

Facility Condition Summary

The recreation center is situated in the middle of the park's northeastern edge adjacent to the swim center. The main entry is off of the main walk which is a tree-lined path along the center of the park. Given available site directly adjacent to the building there may be opportunities for expansion of the facility. The building is in fair condition. It shows signs of wear because of its age and heavy use.

The smaller recreation booth sits across from the recreation center. The structure is in poor condition. It has cupping roof shingles, dented and rusted gutters, and splitting and rotting wood boards. The surrounding pavement is cracked and lifting due to the roots of two mature trees in close proximity to the building.

The park's public restroom and maintenance shed is under one roof situated between Harrison Recreation Center and the play fields. The building is generally in good condition and the metal roof has been replaced recently. There are minor deferred maintenance items such damaged wood boards and doors near the ground.

The historic park lodge requires repairs to its roof and interior finishes. Repairs are also needed to the cracked floor tile at the entryway.

The bocce court shed is located near the historic park lodge. It appears to be in good condition and well maintained.

The age of these buildings suggests that they may not comply with current accessibility guidelines or building code requirements.















Recommendations

- The Harrison Recreation Center is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the functionality of the buildings in Lincoln Park and maximize their useful life.
- Moderate to significant upgrades to materials, systems, and/or finishes are needed in order to extend the building's useful life.
- There are significant deferred maintenance projects at the recreation booth.
- There are opportunities to modify or upgrade the layout, equipment, and/or finishes to improve building functionality in the Harrison Recreation Center.
- The age of these buildings suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.





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Littlejohn Park is an L-shaped park adjacent to a row of houses on its southwest corner. At the end of this residential row sits the recreation building facing the fields with its back towards the houses and the playground behind it.

The 1,370 square foot building was built in 1975. It is generally in good condition.



Program Summary

Littlejohn Park hosts the Tiny Tots and Small Frys recreational pre-school programs. Interior access to restrooms enhances the youth program popularity. This is also a neighborhood site for the Parks & Playground and Summer Parks & Playground programs.



Facility Condition Summary

The park building has two equally sized activity spaces; only one has a kitchenette. Along the building's edge adjacent to the park are two restrooms that have been renovated to allow access from both the inside and the outside of the building.

The office is located at the corner of the building with a view of the fields and playground. There is limited visibility of the back side of the building which is adjacent to the houses. All sides of the building have graffiti on the ribbed CMU walls.

Constructed with durable materials, the 36-year-old building has a pitched shingle roof and is in good condition. The restrooms finishes and doors are in need of maintenance.

Given the age of the building, further evaluation may be needed to determine wheter accessibility or code improvements may be required.

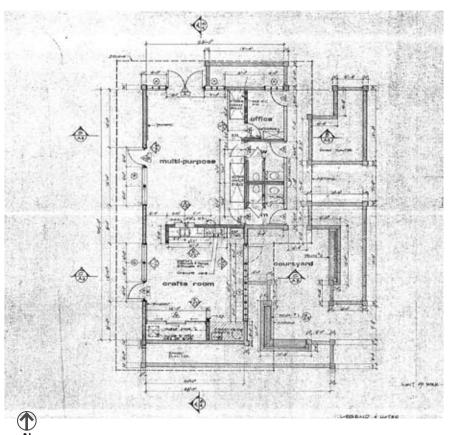






Recommendations

- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.













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Longfellow Park is a small park located in the West Side neighborhood across from the old Longfellow elementary school building which now houses the NEA Community Learning Center, the Longfellow Education Center, and some offices of the Alameda Unified School District.

The 1,260 square foot Longfellow Recreation Building is located along the park's edge on Linden Street. Built in 1994, the building is in good condition, with minor wear and tear consistent with its age.









Program Summary

The Longfellow Park facility is another neighborhood location for the Recreation Afterschool Program (RAP), Parks & Playground program, and Summer Parks & Playground program.

Facility Condition Summary

The recreation building has a high-ceilinged, spacious multi-purpose room with large windows and glass doors providing natural light, views and access to the park on three sides. Accessory spaces, which include an office, a kitchen and the park's public restrooms, line the side of the building adjacent to the street. The entrances to the restrooms are on the street side and are not visible from the park nor from inside the building.

The building was built in 1994 and is constructed with load-bearing CMU walls, exposed wood trusses and asphalt shingle roof. All the spaces are heated through wall or ceiling diffusers connected to a gas-fired furnace. The spaces are well-ventilated through aluminum single-glazed casement windows.

The building is generally in good condition except for a continuous crack in the concrete floor which appears to occur along the control joint. The restroom walls show significant signs of wear and should be cleaned and repaired.











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EXENT PERCENTED

4 - PARA DE DE







- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.

In 1980 the City, in conjunction with the Mastick Senior Center Advisory Board, converted this former elementary school campus into a well-used and highly-valued senior center. Seniors from throughout Alameda – as well as other Bay Area communities – enjoy a wide range of social, educational, recreational, and health and wellness activities.

Seniors' pride in the Mastick Center is demonstrated through strong volunteerism and highly active fundraising for capital projects as well as for programs and services.

The facility is more than 70 years old, but has been well maintained and is in very good condition. Some accessibility and system upgrades have been made, but the age of the facility suggests that further accommodations for accessibility, code, and energy performance may be needed.









Program Summary

The Mastick Senior Center is a hub for older adult services, classes, activities and programs for adults 50 years of age and over. The wide range of services include AARP Driver Safety Program; health programs and assistance; Income Tax preparation; legal services; and notary services.

The center is a nutrition site and hosts food programs including the Brown Bag Program, the County's noon meal program, and bread donation from the Alameda Food Bank. Health program offerings include blood pressure, dental, and podiatry screenings; Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP); Alzheimer's Caregiver Support Group, an array of fitness classes, and educational presentations.

Services are offered in utility assistance and transportation. The center also offers an extensive and evolving array of excursions and day trips, social activities, recreational and fitness classes, and educational programs, and serves as a satellite community college for the 50+ population.

The campus also features two private apartments, a preschool, and a highly successful thrift store that generates thousands of dollars per month for senior programs.

Facility Condition Summary

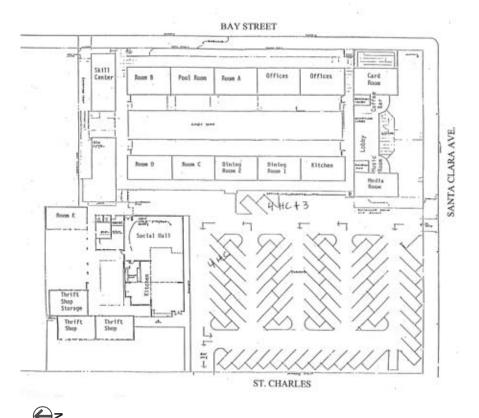
The overall layout of the Mastick Senior Center is essentially as it has been since the original elementary school was built in 1938, without major reconfiguration or expansion.

The center is in good condition and is well-maintained by one full-time custodial worker. Some finishes are reported to require more maintenance than is ideal, such as linoleum flooring. Recent capital projects (paid for through seniors' fundraising activities) include new furnishings and finishes in the main reception and coffee areas, as well as the music, library, and game rooms.

The classrooms and the landscaped central courtyard are bright and pleasant. Operable windows admit both natural daylight and fresh air into most program spaces. Purchased with City and senior fundraising revenues, the center's HVAC system is approximately seven years old; program areas are reported to be thermally comfortable and well-ventilated.

Many accommodations have been made to support the needs of seniors with limited mobility, including accessible restrooms, paths of travel, and parking spaces. However, a number of barriers and inaccessible areas were observed and require improvements in order to comply with current accessibility requirements.



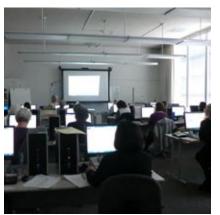












Recommendations

- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.
- There may be opportunities to modify or upgrade the layout, equipment, and/or finishes to improve building functionality.
- The age of this building suggests that it may not comply with current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance. Further study will be needed to identify specific deficiencies and priorities for code upgrades.



One of the first parks developed in Alameda in the early 1900s, McKinley Park has historical significance and is highly valued by the community. It is located in between the central and downtown neighborhoods and is adjacent to the northern estuary. It adjoins Thompson Field and is close to some waterfront businesses and warehouses but is mostly in a residential area. It is a highly valued space since it is the only park within a one-mile radius.

The 2,800 square foot recreation building was originally a portable that has been enlarged and converted to a permanent structure. It is in need of some significant repairs.









Program Summary

The McKinley Center hosts the Tiny Tots and Small Frys recreational preschool programs, Parks & Playgrounds program, Teen Adventure Camp, and Bridge program. Fee-based classes are also offered.

Facility Condition Summary

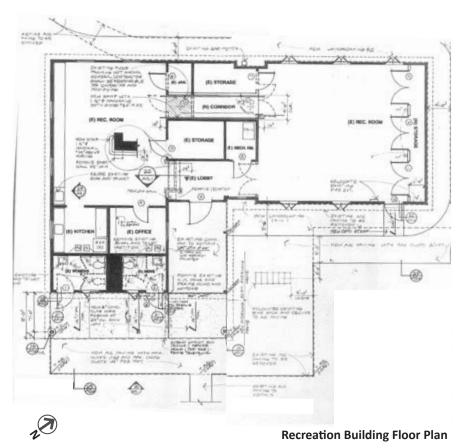
There are two multi-purpose rooms on either side of the entry foyer. The smaller of the two, which is a few steps higher than the rest of the building, is adjacent to the kitchen and office. Both have storage rooms and inadequate storage cabinets; the ramp connecting the two rooms is blocked off and used for storage.

This older building has not had any major capital improvements completed recently. The building's structure and envelope are in need of repair and maintenance, such as at the bottom of the exterior stucco wall. One of the entry columns has rotted and deteriorated considerably and is of structural concern.

The interior is in fairly good condition and is constructed of durable materials. The kitchen cabinets, counters and equipment are in need of an upgrade.

Some accessibility improvements are noticeable such as the ramp, two single-use toilets, and exterior entry thresholds. Further study would be required to identify and prioritize additional accessibility needs.







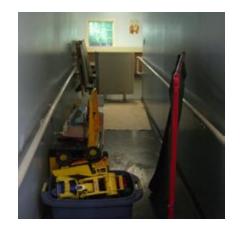


Recommendations

- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Moderate to significant upgrades to materials, systems, and/or finishes are needed in order to extend the building's useful life.
- There are significant deferred maintenance projects at this facility.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.









The Meyer's House and Garden is Alameda's first and only house museum and one of its historical landmarks. The family home was designed by its owner, prominent East Bay architect Henry H. Meyers, and built by his father in 1897.

The house and grounds, including its original fencing and pergola, garage, carriage house, green house and a Mission-style architectural studio, were given to the City of Alameda by Mr. Meyer's three daughters for use as a museum and passive park.

The buildings total approximately 4,000 square feet. Some exterior materials are showing age and wear. A separate study identified a number of barriers to accessibility.









Program Summary

Jointly operated by the Recreation & Parks Department and the Alameda Museum, this facility is not used for regular recreation programs. The grounds can be rented for small receptions, weddings, and other events. The museum is open for tours on the fourth Saturday of the month from 1pm to 4pm or by reservation for large groups only. General maintenance and conservation is funded through grants.

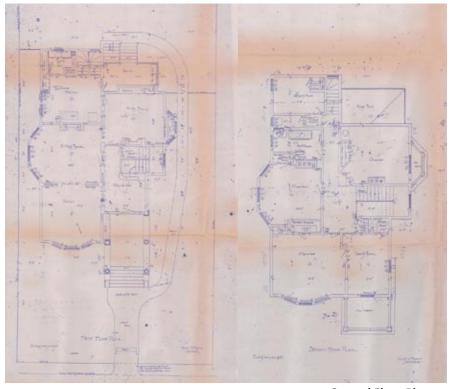
Facility Condition Summary

As a house museum and as one of the City of Alameda's Historical Monuments, the two-story Colonial Revival style residence is deliberately preserved with its original layout and materials. It boasts an elegantly rounded front bay and a prominent porch with classical columns and balustrade. The interior finishes are well maintained including the hardwood floors and staircase, an oak-paneled dining room and large parlor. Most of the rooms have been painted to replicate the original color and are set up with the family's furniture. The basement has been converted into the museum's storage space and workshop.

The exterior's wood elements – the building siding and trim, roof balustrade, garden fence and pergola – are showing signs of wear and have water stains, chipped and peeling wood and potential dry rot in several areas. The building's asphalt-shingle roof appears to be in good condition.

A separate 2008 Accessibility Compliance Survey Report notes several accessibility barriers such as lack of accessible parking, inaccessible public restrooms and entry, unlevel walkways/paths, and a malfunctioning lift.







Second Floor Plan







Recommendations

- The building is of value to the community and should be retained. There is no current plan to develop regular Recreation & Park programming in this facility.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.
- Moderate upgrades to materials and finishes are needed in order to extend the building's useful life.
- Certain barriers to accessibility were identified by a separate study.





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The Albert H. DeWitt Officers' Club was built in the Alameda Naval Air Station circa 1941. Not only was it a hub of social life at the base, but it was also the setting for forming major military strategies. Famous military, political, and entertainment figures such as John F. Kennedy, Lucille Ball, and Henry Fonda have graced its halls.

Today the Alameda Recreation & Park Department manages the facility, more familiarly known as the O'Club, and makes it available for rental nearly all year round. With its elegant banquet halls and assembly spaces, it has become a popular venue for wedding receptions and formal events.









Program Summary

The Albert H. DeWitt Officers Club is a rental facility with a focus on banquets and special events. Facility space includes a Main Dining Room with seating for 250; the Trident Room, with seating for 120; the Terrace Room, with seating for 90; and the Squadron Room, with seating for 30.

Programs provided include fee-based classes and special event programs (e.g., "Breakfast with Santa"). Program limitations include a service-only kitchen, which is not equipped for on-site banquet cooking.

The facility is used several days a year for school fundraisers, for book sales by the Alameda Free Library and for training classes by the City Police and Fire Department.

The City can only utilize half the facility as the remainder is closed indefinitely until funding can be made available to complete the remodel.

Facility Condition Summary

The simple and graceful lines of the O'Club's exterior cloak the elegance and richness of its banquet halls and social rooms full of ornate details and lavish finishes such as crystal chandeliers, leather seating, wood paneling, and handcrafted doors.

The O'Club is in good condition overall. The majority of its special interior finishes have been well maintained with the exception of the ceiling finishes, diffusers, and light fixtures. Several glass cylinder covers of the antique chandeliers in the Trident room are missing. It has been reported that the commercial kitchen needs to be brought up to code and is available only for minimal food prep and warming.

On the exterior, the stucco finish and windows are also in good condition. Ramps have been provided for accessibility at the main exits and entrances. However, further improvements have been proposed in a separate 2008 Accessibility Compliance Survey Report including accommodations at all entrances as well as at restrooms, service points, and doors.











- The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life.
- There are opportunities to modify or upgrade equipment and finishes to improve building functionality.
- Accessibility improvements have been identified in a separate study.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to seismic, systems, and energy performance.









Tillman Park is located adjacent to Bay Farm Island Elementary school in the middle of a predominantly residential neighborhood.

The 1,000 square foot recreation center sits far from the street, past the promenade of picnic areas and gathering spaces and closer to the school's property line. Built in 1990, the building is generally in good condition, although some moderate to significant deferred maintenance issues need to be addressed.





Program Summary

Tillman Park offers RAP (Recreation Afterschool Program), Parks & Playgrounds, Summer Parks & Playgrounds, and fee-based classes.

Facility Condition Summary

The building is anchored by the main space – a naturally lit multi-purpose room that extends its full depth. On one side of the building are the restrooms that are only accessible from the park. On the other side of the building is the electrical room and storage. The office/kitchen space is at the front corner facing the promenade and park.

The recreation center, a wood-framed building with a concrete foundation and sloped roof, was built around 1990. The multi-purpose room is heated by electrical baseboard heaters and ventilation is provided through aluminum single-glazed casement and sliding windows. Aside from the roof and other minor items, the building is generally in good condition.

The asphalt shingle roof is cupping and has damaged gutters that need replacement/repair. Other improvements needed are bent exterior light fixtures and the restroom walls which are damaged in a few areas.

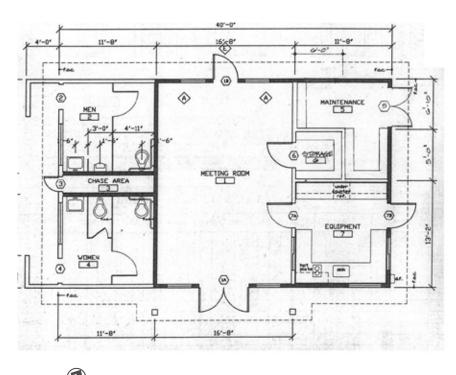
The building's age suggests that it may not comply with all current accessibility requirements.



Recommendations ■ The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use. ■ There are moderate to significant deferred maintenance projects at this facility.

■ The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current standards for accessibility.



















urban greening + parks master plan alameda, california



Summary

The Veterans Memorial Building is a cherished architectural jewel in Alameda. Designed by local architect célèbre Henry H. Meyers (whose own house is now a museum in Alameda), this Spanish Colonial Revival building was completed in 1929. In 2007, community members successfully petitioned for the building's acceptance onto the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C (architecture) and Criterion A (events/social history).

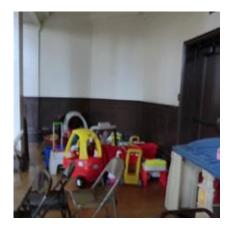
Although well-maintained, the approximately 30,000 square foot building is a candidate for major renovation.

Some accommodations for accessibility have been made but there are still many opportunities to bring the building into compliance with current standards.









Program Summary

The building is not City-owned. Through a cooperative agreement, the Alameda Recreation and Parks Department manages the main auditorium and the "Underground" teen center.

Other portions of the building are still occupied by organizations such as the Veterans of Foreign Wars, the American Legion, and Disabled American Veterans.

Facility Condition Summary

The Veterans Memorial Building is an attractive building that appears to be in generally good condition. The building's footprint takes up most of its site and there is little room for expansion. Recent capital projects include major roof repairs and the addition of a new exterior fire escape approximately 10 years ago. Other potential projects that have been identified through other assessments include a new elevator and upgrades in the main kitchen.

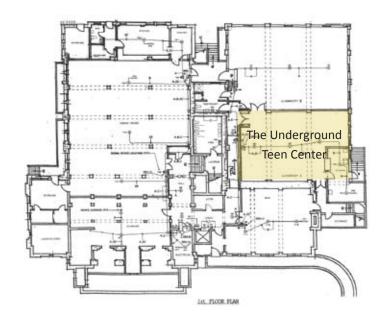
There is no central HVAC system. Heating for spaces such as the main hall is achieved through wall-embedded convection heaters. Users of the "Underground" teen center report that the space is cold year-round, requiring warm clothes during even the hottest days of summer. Ventilation and any available cooling is accomplished by opening windows. Based on the building's age and number of years since the last major renovation, significant upgrades to the structural, plumbing, electrical, and tel/data systems as well as HVAC are likely needed.

Accessibility accommodations include a ramp entrance on the south side of the building and a restroom accessible from the lobby. However, barriers still exist, such as drinking fountains that project into paths of travel, and inaccessible areas such as the stage in the main hall. Further investigation is warranted to identify improvements required to meet current accessibility requirements.



Stage Main Auditorium

Main Level Floor Plan



Lower Level Floor Plan







Recommendations

- While a cherished community resource, this building does not meet the City's long-term goals and objectives for active recreation programming.
- The age of this building suggests that there may be significant deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.
- Due to the anticipated costs of bringing the entire building into code compliance, it is recommended that the City find an alternative facility for the teen program.





Summary

Washington Park was one of Alameda's first municipal parks and is also one of its largest. It is centrally located on the island's southern shoreline with great sweeping views of San Francisco. Because of its size and grade change, the park is divided into two main parts – upper and lower.

Upper Washington Park has a new recreation center close to Central Avenue and a historic restroom building tucked under its towering mature trees by the playground equipment. These buildings are both in good condition.

Lower Washington has its own restroom building next to the tennis courts and dog park. This building has significant deferred maintenance needs.









Program Summary

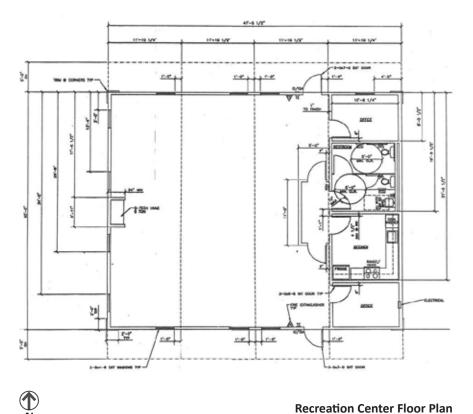
The Washington Park Center serves as a program site for the Tiny Tots and Small Frys recreational preschool programs. The dedicated program restrooms enhance the ability to provide youth programming in a controlled environment. The Recreation Afterschool Program (RAP), Parks & Playgrounds, and Summer "World of Wonder" (WOW) Camp are all offered at this site. Upper Washington Park hosts soccer classes (Kidz Love Soccer).

Facility Condition Summary

The recreation center is a 2,000 square foot modular building built in 2006 with a stucco exterior wall and mission style metal tile roof. The multi-purpose room is the majority of the building space. It also has two offices, a restroom and storage space. The building is equipped with a 5-ton HVAC unit with flexible duct air distribution through the suspended ceiling. The operable windows provide ventilation. Aside from some needed gutter repairs, the building is generally in good condition.

The historic restroom was renovated in 2001. It has a concrete and CMU load-bearing wall with an exterior stucco finish and ornamental details, terra cotta mission tile roof, wood-framed windows, and ornamental security iron grilles. It is generally in good condition except for a few broken roof tiles, a broken window glass pane at the men's entry, and damaged corners at the entry of both restrooms.

The Lower Washington Park restroom is a modular building with exterior stucco wall and wood trim. The exterior stucco wall is chipped in some areas. The asphalt shingle roof appears to be worn and the exposed wood beams at the entry are rotting and chipping. The metal downspouts, gutters, and metal louvers are bent. Further investigation is needed to determine improvements that may be needed at each building to comply with current accessibility requirements.











- These buildings are of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use.
- Ongoing maintenance will preserve the buildings' functionality and maximize their useful life.
- There are significant deferred maintenance projects at the Lower Washington restroom facility.
- Further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.









Summary

Woodstock Park is located in Alameda's West End, neighboring many schools and educational organizations as well as the new state-of-the-art Alameda Boys' and Girls' Club. Situated in the middle of a lot, it is bordered by single family homes, condominiums, warehouses, and schools. The park does not have frontage on any streets and it has several entries from residential cul-de-sacs.

The recreation building sits close to the cul-de-sac at the end of Cypress Street. Its main entry and window wall is north-facing towards the park.

The 2,400 square foot building is in fair condition, with some deferred maintenance needs.









Program Summary

Woodstock Park is a site for the Tiny Tots and Small Frys recreational preschool programs, "First 5" sponsored special needs youth playgroup, and Summer Parks & Playgrounds.

Facility Condition Summary

The majority of the building space is taken up by the multi-purpose room which has a largely glazed wall allowing daylight in and good views to the park. It is a simple rectangular building with the remaining third of the building space used for auxiliary spaces: such as the office, kitchenette, and restrooms.

The building is in fair condition overall. The durable CMU wall and concrete floors have weathered well. There is a little bit of cracking present in the resilient tile floor. The roof, gutters and some of the exposed wood beams are weathering/ wearing and require maintenance.

The restrooms have been enlarged and reconfigured to be accessible from the inside as well as the outside. Efforts to address accessibility barriers have been made. However, given the age of the building, further analysis should be completed to determine improvements needed to comply with current accessibility requirements.

Recommendations ■ The building is of value and should be retained for Recreation & Park programming and community use. Ongoing maintenance will preserve the building's functionality and maximize its useful life. Moderate to significant upgrades to materials, systems, and/or finishes are needed in order to extend the building's useful life.

- There are significant deferred maintenance projects at this facility.
- The age of this building suggests that further study may be warranted to identify specific deficiencies with respect to current codes and standards for seismic, systems, energy, and/or accessibility performance.









Recreation Center Floor Plan (with sketch of reconfigured restrooms)



STORAGE







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C-PROGRAM ELEMENTS

CITY OF ALAMEDA RECREATION FACILITIES - INDOOR

GENERAL CITY FACILITIES

Alameda Point Gymnasium

Facility Type: Recreation Building- Other
Description: Gymnasium- 4 courts
Address: 1101 West Redline Avenue

Programs: Youth Leagues

Adult Leagues

Basketball Clinic, Jr. basketball

Limitations: Weight room and cardio area are closed to the public, as

they are not ADA compliant, resulting in limited use of facilities. There are code issues with electrical, wall siding, lack of heat. Improvements to this facility would maximize use. Installing permanent baskets and court lines would fully utilize the 4th court for all age groups. Spectator seating is adequate, but proximity to playing court poses safety issue for players. Electrical supply is inadequate, and gym is "Ice cold" temperature in winter. Needed repairs also include updating

restrooms, creation of locker rooms, repair of broken windows,

and closing gaps in doors to improve insulation.

Albert H. DeWitt Officers Club (O' Club)

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other

Description: Rental facility with focus on banquet and special events

Address: 641 West Redline Avenue

Facilities: Main Dining Room with seating for 250

Trident Room with seating for 120
Terrace Room with seating for 90
Squadron Room with seating for 30

Programs: Fee classes

Special programs (i.e. Breakfast with Santa)

Taiko drumming

Aikido

Limitations: The kitchen is service-only kitchen; it is not equipped for

cooking. The City is only utilizing half the building. Half the facility is closed for remodeling and funding is not available to

complete the remodeling.

Bayport Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other

Description: Multi-purpose room, kitchen, restrooms, dedicated program

restrooms

Address: 301 Jack London Avenue

Programs: Weekend Rentals

RAP (Recreation Afterschool Program)

Parks & Playgrounds

Fee classes

Summer Parks and Playgrounds

Asian Cooking

Franklin Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other

Description: Small; includes office, storage, kitchen, multi-purpose room,

concrete floor

Address: 1432 San Antonio Avenue

Programs: RAP (Recreation Afterschool Program)

Parks and Playgrounds Summer Parks & Playgrounds Healthy eating classes

Chef-K

Limitations: The facility was remodeled in 1989 and requires attention,

including roof repairs.

Notes: This is one of the more popular sites, with playground for

younger children.

Godfrey Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other

Address: 281 Beach Road Programs: Tiny Tots

Summer WOW

Golf

Limitations: Building needs repair.

Krusi Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other
Description: Oldest building in system
Address: 900 Mound Street
Programs: Parks & Playground

Summer Parks & Playground



Limitations: Krusi is in process of renovation; there is no space for

afterschool programs at this time. Youth programs relocated to Lincoln Park and have limited access to indoor space. The upgrade of this building will maximize afterschool programs.

Project is funded through Measure WW.

Leydecker Park and Center

Facility Type: Recreation Center Address: 3225 Mecartney Road

Programs: Tiny Tots

Parks & Playgrounds

Leisure Club

Summer playgrounds & parks

Bootcamp Workouts Cardio Kick

RAP (Recreation Afterschool Program)

Fee Classes Weekend Rentals

Leydecker Field: Nerf Flag Football, Flag Football

Lincoln Park and Center

Facility Type: Harrison Recreation Center

Recreation Building Other

Description: Considered one of the City's primary recreation buildings

Address: 1450 High Street
Programs: Weekend Rentals

Parks and Playgrounds

Yoga

Low impact cardio

Tai Chi

Leisure Club (meets twice a month)

Limitations: Facility is not ADA accessible. Need to remodel floors and

kitchen for catering and

cooking classes

Littlejohn Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other

Description: Restroom was renovated for the Tiny Tot program to provide

interior access

Address: 1401 Pacific Avenue

Programs: Tiny Tots

Parks & Playground

Summer Parks & Playground

Longfellow Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other

Address: 520 Lincoln Avenue

Programs: RAP (Recreation Afterschool Program)

Parks & Playground

Summer Parks & Playground

Mastick Senior Center

Facility Type: Recreation Center - Other

Description: Senior Center

Recent renovation of lobby

Size: 30,000 sf, 12 classrooms, office, social hall, thrift store, two

kitchens. Property also includes two apartments and a double

bungalow (preschool).

Address: 1155 Santa Clara Avenue

Programs: 50+ classes

Transportation Services Coordination Travel Program (Monthly & Extended)

Recreation Classes (e.g. fitness, yoga, Pilates, tai chi, dance, etc.) Education Classes (e.g. language, writing, current events, music

appreciation, etc.)

Art classes (e.g. quilting, sewing, knitting, stained glass,

ceramics, drawing/painting, etc.)

Services (e.g. AARP Driver Safety, Notary, Podiatry and Dental

Screening, Alzheimer's Caregiver Support Group, etc.)

County Services (e.g. Noon-Meal Program, Legal Assistance for Seniors, Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program

(HICAP)) Computer Lab

Special Events (e.g. Fashion Show, Annual Volunteer Recognition

Luncheon, Open House, etc.)

Fundraising Programs (e.g. Thrift Shop, Bingo, etc.)

Volunteer Program

Mastic Senior Center Advisory Board (15-members assist with Center staffing and operation, and facilitate fundraising

activities)

Classes are provided in collaboration with Alameda Adult

School, Cal State East Bay - Scholar OLLI Program, contractual

instructors and volunteers.



Notes: The Alameda Recreation and Park Department manages the

Mastick Senior Center in conjunction with the Mastick Senior Center Advisory Board (MSCAB) and 200 volunteers. They offer programs and services for seniors (ages 50 and older) that include an array of educational and recreational classes, as well as a travel program. They also feature services such as paratransit/senior transportation services, assistance with tax returns and HICAP/LAS representation. They view themselves as "living program" and adaptable to the changing trends.

McKinley Center

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other Address: 2165 Buena Vista Avenue

Programs: Tiny Tots

Parks & Playgrounds

Fee classes

Summer Parks & Playground Teen Adventure Camp

Bridge Ikebana

Holiday gift making

Tillman Park

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other Address: 220 Aughinbaugh Way

Programs: RAP

Parks & Playgrounds

Fee classes

Summer Parks & Playground

Washington Park & Center

Facility Type: Recreation Building - Other
Description: Dedicated program restrooms

Address: 740 Central Avenue

Programs: Tiny Tots

RAP

Parks & Playgrounds Summer WOW

Upper Washington Park: Kidz Love Soccer

Woodstock Park

Facility Type: Recreation Center Address: 351 Cypress Street

Programs: Tiny Tots

First 5 playgroup

Special needs playgroup
Summer parks and playground

PROGRAM LIMITATIONS

General comments:

The Master Plan needs to address building maintenance, upgrades and development priorities. Overall building upgrades are needed, due to aging infrastructure. ADA building compliance is an issue on many sites. Dedicated restrooms are needed inside buildings at the neighborhood recreation centers. Some facilities have areas closed off, resulting in partial use. Some facilities are dated. Buildings range in size from 1200 sf to 2000 sf. Weight room and cardio (fitness) areas are closed due to repair/code issues. Aquatic facilities require upgrades and have code issues.

Building maintenance that has been deferred is now relating to program issues (closed weight room, facility space)—a sign of the times. Budget issues are reflected in program offerings moving from free to fee based. ARPD currently offers both.

The community likes their neighborhood parks and facilities, and would continue with small neighborhood recreation programs and buildings for afterschool, summer programs, and classes as they are tailored to the area and are filling a need.

The top issues are money and space.

Program desires:

FACILITIES: A multi-faceted complex (i.e., Silliman Newark Center) is desired.

New center: Dedicated teen area, indoor pool, and dedicated program spaces (fitness, cardio).

Recreation Buildings: Only Bayport and Washington have dedicated program/building restrooms. Prefer in-building restrooms for all program building sites.



O'Club: Upgraded full-service kitchen to support banquet rentals.

PROGRAM: Special Needs (developmentally disabled) program would like funding for a specialized staff person if the program is to be expanded. They do not have a full complement of classes and activities for this group. The existing program has been meeting for 25 years.

Facility desires:

Aquatic Swim Center: Aquatics is an important component of the Alameda culture and was a key amenity in its history. An indoor aquatic center would be beneficial as the city weather is in the 70's during the cool summers. There is a general lack of pool time available city-wide for any program or swim club to expand. Year round swimming opportunities are desired.

Aquatic Users Survey: Class schedule and finances are barriers to participation, as is lack of pool space and lack of facilities. Interviewees indicate that interest and participation is increasing. The priority pool feature needed is a pool deep enough for diving during practices and competitions, and second priority is a larger pool with 12 lanes (50x25 meters). Non-pool features needed are larger locker rooms and larger office.

Teen Center: The City needs dedicated space to cater to teen needs to include fitness, dance, and computer lab.

Sports Complex: There are never enough sport fields. There is no tournament facility and no artificial turf. There are 2 football teams in town, a large soccer and Little League participant base and very limited field availability.

There is limited access for baseball. There are infrastructure issues in supporting all of these field uses and the extended seasonal play. Consider Miracle League Field that mimics major league fields and provides for youth with special needs using natural turf.

Gym Users Survey: There is limited gym availability at Alameda Point Gym for youth basketball programs. The major limitation is gym space. Facility use fees for school gyms are becoming difficult to afford to maintain practice and play time for the 66 teams.

SPECIAL USE CITY FACILITIES

Bill Osborne Model Airplane Field

Programs: Field for flying model airplanes.

Address: Doolittle Drive at Harbor Bay Parkway

Chuck Corica Golf Complex

Description: 45 holes of golf, pro shop, night lighted driving range, restaurant

Address: 1 Memorial Clubhouse Dr.

Meyer House and Garden Museum

Facility Type: House Museum

Description: Museum and Gardens Address: 2021 Alameda Avenue

Programs: Guided Tours. Garden Rentals

Other: Under the supervision of the Alameda Historical Museum

Veteran's Memorial Building

Facility Type: Recreation Center Other

Description: Non-profit and City agreement

Address: 2203 Central Avenue

Programs: Wee Play (Toddler to 6 months)

3 month – 18 month children and parent classes

Fee classes

The Underground (Teen Center) in Basement

Youth Volunteer programs

Dance Piano Guitar

Women's Boot Camp

Limitations: Teens need to be driven to the center. There is a need for more

dedicated space.

John Ratto Bocce Ball Court

Alameda Theatre

Description: ARPD is now providing community use of the privately operated

historic theatre.

Address: 2317 Central Avenue



Programs: City, school district, local government agencies and non-profit

groups can use the theatre 12 days a year for events that appeal to the community, educational, and cultural interests of Alameda's general public and maximize the community's exposure to this

exceptional restored historical asset.

SPECIAL USE CITY FACILITIES - BOAT RAMPS

Encinal Boat Ramp

Facility Type: Boat Ramp

Description: Launch Ramp, Restrooms, Trailer and Auto Parking

Address: Off Central behind Encinal High School

Grand Street Boat Ramp

Facility Type: Boat Ramp

Description: Launch Ramp, Restrooms, Fishing Pier, Fish Cleaning Facilities,

Trailer and Auto Parking

Address: North End of Grand Street

FACILITIES USED FOR PROGRAMMING – NOT CITY OWNED – SCHOOL DISTRICT

Emma Hood Swim Center (Alameda High School)

Facility Type: Outdoor Pool
Description: Two Outdoor Pools

....

Size: Swimming Pool – 25 Yards x 6- Lane (75'-1" x 42'), depth 3'-6" to 5'

Dive Pool – 60' x 40' with 1-meter and 3-meter springboards, all

deep water: 6'-0" to 12'-6"

Address: 2256 Alameda Avenue

Programs: Summer use: swim lessons, classes; City programs the pools

Encinal Swim Center (Encinal High School)

Facility Type: Outdoor Pool

Description: Three Outdoor Pools

Size: Swimming Pool – 25 Yards x 6- Lane (75'-1" x 42'), depth 3'-6" to

5-6"

Dive Pool – 42' x 37' with 1-meter and 3-meter springboards, all

deep water: 10'-6" to 12'-0"

Training Pool – 60' x 30', depth 3'-0" to 4'-0"

Address: 230 Central Avenue
Programs: City programs the pools.

There are two City Pools leased to outside organizations:

Franklin Park Pool

Facility Type: Outdoor pool Address: 1507 Paru Street

Description: 2 pools – 5 lane, 25-yard pool and a smaller, shallower lesson

pool are leased to an outside organization, and used by the Alameda Swim Association and Ala-gator's swim team.

Lincoln Park Pool

Facility Type: Outdoor pool

Address: High & Santa Clara Ave.

Description: 2 pools are leased to an outside organization, the Alameda

Swim Association.

Harbor Bay Club

Facility Type: Private

Description: 1 indoor pool and 1 outdoor pool for members only.

ARPD CLASS LOCATIONS - NOT CITY OWNED

Alameda Aikikai

Address: 2025 Clement Avenue

Programs: Aikido

Alameda Ballet Academy

Address: 1402 Park Street

Programs: Ballet

Mommy/Daddy & Me Ballet

Jazzercise on Park Street (located inside)

Bead Inspiration

Address: 1544 Park Street

Dance 10 Performing Arts Center

Address: 900 Santa Clara Ave.



Programs: Dance

Acting

Pre-teen tap

Yoga Pilates Twin Towers UMC Church Gym

Address: Oak Street & Central Avenue

Programs: Hawaiian Jujitsu

Jazzercise on Bay Farm Island

Island Hawaiian Studios

Address: 1122 Lincoln Avenue

Programs: Hula

Dance Sewing Ukulele Rotary Club of Alameda, East Bay Regional Park District

ARPD PROGRAMS

Aquatics

Robert Crown Memorial State Beach, Crab Cove Picnic Area

Ruby's Tumbling

Address: 2451 Santa Clara Avenue

Programs: Gymnastics

Tumbling

Super Scholars

Address: 2323 Santa Clara Ave. Ste.A

The Magic Paint Brush

Address: 943 Marina Village Parkway

Programs: Glass Fusing

Pottery painting

The Super Speech & Language Connection

Address: 2150 Mariner Square

Programs: Mommy & Me

Temple Israel Social Hall

Address: 3183 Mecartney Road

Programs: Jazzercise on Bay Farm Island (located inside Temple Israel Social

Hall)

Special Events

Partnerships

Breakfast with Santa

Santa's Visits

Tree Lighting Ceremony & Celebration

Father Daughter Dance Spring Egg Scramble Breakfast with the Bunny

Holiday Boutique Hoop Shoot Coastal Cleanup Sand Castle Contest 4th of July Jubilee Starlight Movies Mother-Daughter Tea

Earth Day Alameda Walks Family Day

Splash Bash pool party Wacky Olympics

Family Programs

Family Day Trips

Family Camping Trips (Camp Concord)

Field Trips

Interest Classes

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Youth Recreation Programs

Afterschool and Summer Youth Programs (Fee and free) RAP: Recreation Afterschool Program at park facilities Rock 'n' Roll Trips Vacation Camps Day Camp WOW all day summer program

Teen Programs

Teen Adventure Camp

Underground Teen Center: free, drop-in program

Teen Trips

Teen Volunteer Programs: Operation Green Sweep, Youth Program Volunteers,

Alameda Youth Committee

Club ARPD: Teen members are transported to Underground Teen Center

Special Events: Spooktacular Haunted House, Holiday Food Drive

Special Interest Classes: Driver Ed internet course, Babysitter's training, CPR

Adult Programs

Special Interest Classes

Fitness Classes

Adult Sports: Sports Leagues including Men's and Co-Ed softball, basketball,

Volleyball, flag football

Open -gym basketball, volleyball

Tennis classes Golf lessons

Leisure Club

Social Club that is over 25 years old Specialized recreational needs of the developmentally disabled citizens Activities include: parties, events, trips

Preschool and Toddler Programs

First 5 School Readiness Grant

Youth Sports

Basic skills youth baseball Youth tennis

Tennis camp Youth basketball Flag football

OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS

The Alameda Boys and Girls Club

Facility: Non-profit adult-supervised youth programming and club.

Description: The Alameda Boys and Girls Club chose to locate and build

n: The Alameda Boys and Girls Club chose to locate and build at the West End of town on the former Woodstock School site

(1.5acre) within walking distance of three elementary schools, a middle school and a high school to provide programming for low-income community members. The facility is 25,000 sf, and has 12 rooms, a fully equipped kitchen, 8,000 sf. Gym, Teen Center, Games Room, Computer Lab, Learning Center, Arts and Crafts Center, Community Office Space, Music Room, Dance Area, Dental and Health Screening Clinic, and administrative

offices.

Address: 1900 Third Street

City Partner: Agreement with City for 15% of the allotted time of gym use.

Programs: Low membership fee allows for participation by low-income

residents. This will affect ARPD fee based afterschool program at

this end of town. The club offers:

Afterschool programs Indoor soccer leagues

Arts and crafts Study areas Computers Music Dance Cooking Basketball Teen club

Bladium Sports & Fitness Clubs - Alameda

Facility: Private sports and fitness club.

Description: Alameda's Family Health Club, the 120,000sq. ft. facility hosts

a 25,000sq.ft. fitness center, 2 indoor soccer fields, in-line hockey rink, rock climbing wall, boxing ring, basketball court, 4 volleyball courts, kids center, 4 studios with wood floors and mirrors for dance, music, martial arts, and a sports bar and grill.



Address: 800 W. Tower Ave., Alameda

Programs: Membership, program, and daily pass fees

Group exercise and fitness training

Indoor sports leagues: basketball, volleyball, soccer, in-line

hockey, Lacrosse, Flag Football

Afterschool programs Youth sports camps Sports Clinics

Music Dance

Kids Club/Childwatch

D-PARK OPPORTUNITY SITES

Arts and crafts

Several locations in Alameda are either planned as new parks or may become available for park development. These include the former Alameda Belt Line Rail Yard, the former Alameda Belt Line Spur, Boatworks Park, Encinal Terminal mixed use development, Mt. Trashmore, former Coast Guard Housing park site, and a parcel between North Loop Road and Catalina Avenue on Bay Farm Island. Additionally, as planning for Alameda Point progresses, a number of specific sites will emerge for both community serving and neighborhood serving park and recreation facilities.

The Belt Line Rail Yard site is located south of Atlantic Avenue and West of Constitution Way. It is bounded by single family residential to the south and office development to the north along Atlantic Avenue. Access to the site could occur at the northwestern end of the site, from Atlantic Avenue, at the eastern end of the site from Sherman Street, and from neighborhood streets along the southern side of the site.. At approximately 22 acres, Belt Line Park could become Alameda's second largest municipal park (after Shoreline Park on Bay Farm Island). The site is large enough to accommodate active sports recreation uses such as softball (60' diamond) or soccer, a community center with parking, and a variety of other uses, both active and passive. As the site is a former rail yard, remediation of toxics in the soil would be necessary prior to its development as a park. As one of the few available large open spaces, Belt Line Rail Yard also presents an opportunity for urban agriculture in a variety of forms. The presence of the Alameda Food Bank at the northwestern end of the site supports the co-location of urban agriculture here. As the Belt Line yard site has been identified as a preferred alignment for the Cross Alameda Trail, integral to Alameda's future trail system, plans for the site should include a Class I bikeway, and should consider the possibility of a future transit route through the site.

The <u>Belt Line Spur</u> along the south side of Ralph Appetzato Memorial Parkway between Main Street and Webster Street is also identified as an alignment for the Cross Alameda Trail. At approximately 66' in width, the site is wide enough to accommodate a Class I bikeway with additional room for passive rest stops, small recreational amenities, and planting. If transit is also included along this alignment, potential for other uses would be more limited.

<u>Boatworks Park</u> will be developed as part of an approved residential project, and will provide area for passive uses and estuary access. When <u>Encinal Terminal</u> is redeveloped, a portion of the site will become park and public waterfront access.

Mt. Trashmore, the former dump site on Bay Farm Island, could become passive open space and habitat, once issues related to its former use (methane gas and land settlement), are addressed.

Adjacent to the <u>former Coast Guard Housing site</u>, a parcel which was formerly used for active sports could be redeveloped for park use.

Potential Park Sites



Figure 7 - Potential Park Sites

The <u>North Loop Road</u> parcel on Bay Farm Island may become available as part of a development agreement. This 12-acre site could accommodate a variety of active and uses, including soccer fields and Little League ballfields.

At <u>Alameda Point</u>, planning is occurring concurrently with this Urban Greening Plan. Presently, a number of sites on Alameda Point are in use as recreation facilities, including the Multi-Purpose Field, City View Skate Park, Main Street Dog Park, Main Street Soccer Fields, Hornet Soccer Field, and the Lexington Street Soccer Fields. It is assumed that these uses will either continue in their present locations, or will be accommodated at other locations. As Alameda Point develops, it will also need to accommodate some of the community-wide needs for parks and open space, as well as neighborhood parks for any residential development that occurs. As this Urban Greening Plan will likely be completed prior to completion of the plans for Alameda Point, park and recreation facilities on the Point will be discussed on a programmatic level rather than in reference to specific sites.

CHAPTER 4 - COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESSMENT



COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Several methods of garnering input were used to assess community needs and determine recreation demand in the City of Alameda. This include a telephone survey, community workshops and interview with staff and key stakeholders. In June 2011, public workshops were advertised in the Alameda newspapers and on the City website, and were held at two locations. Additionally, numerous City staff members, sports and aquatics participants, service providers and park users were interviewed regarding their facilities and recreation priorities and needs. Over 500 community members provided input for this Parks Master Plan.

A - ALAMEDA COMMUNITY OPINION SURVEYS

Overview

In late 2010, four hundred (400) Alameda residents participated in a telephone survey, where they were interviewed about their park use patterns, perceptions, priorities and concerns. The survey was also advertised and maintained in online form on the City's web site, to provide an opportunity for other interested residents to express their thoughts regarding the park system. The survey's primary objectives were to explore current perceptions about Alameda's recreation and park system, investigate the desirability of a number of proposed improvements or additions to the system, and measure the willingness of residents to support these changes. Other objectives included exploring preferences about park-related strategy options for Alameda Point, and assessing attitudes toward local activities associated with community gardening.

The surveys, including Synopsis of Results, Graphic Summary, and Text of Responses to Open-Ended Questions are included as Appendices to this Urban Greening + Parks Master Plan.

General Research Objectives

The general research objectives of the Community Opinion Survey included:

- Determine overall frequency of Alameda park system use
- Gauge perceptions about Alameda's existing recreation and park system
- Assess the desirability of specific recreation and park improvement options
- Determine recommendations about Alameda Point
- Assess interest in activities related to community gardens
- Identify any differences related to respondent background characteristics

Methodology

A telephone survey was conducted from February 17 to March 12, 2011. The average interview took between 14-15 minutes to complete. Most interviews were conducted between the hours of 4pm and 9pm on weekdays, and 10am-5pm on weekends. Adults 18 years and older, living within the City of Alameda boundaries in either zip code 94501 or 94502, were asked to participate in the survey. A total sample of 400 interviews were completed in order to derive a statistically accurate representation of the community.

Weights were applied to the data to account for sample imbalances. With weighting, the survey's precision was slightly reduced. The survey's margin of error, at 95% confidence, was plus or minus 5.7%; at 90% confidence, it was plus or minus 4.8%.

In June, 2011, the city posted a follow-up Internet survey, using the 74 questions from the telephone survey. Between the 6th and 25th of June, 25 residents participated in the on-line survey. While the telephone survey sample was representative of the community, the online sample is comprised of a self-selected group. Although not a statistically valid sampling, the responses to the on-line survey provided additional insight into park users' perceptions, concerns and priorities.

In the following summary of findings, the results of statistically valid telephone survey are discussed at length, and the results of the on-line survey are discussed in a separate paragraph at the end of each section.

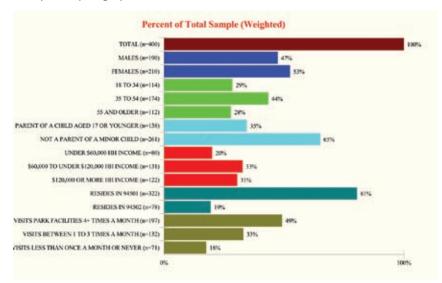


Figure 8 - Telephone Survey Sample



Summary of Findings

In general, the telephone survey indicated that perceptions about Alameda's existing recreation and park system are favorable and the Alameda parks system (primarily its trails, nature areas, parks and playgrounds) is used frequently by a high percentage of those surveyed. Improvements related to open space emerged as the leading choice among respondents. Suggested improvement options to the park system generating the most favorable interest ratings – creating natural open space, expanding the city's walking and jogging trail system, providing an indoor aquatic center, and creating community gardens in public parks – were also the most likely to be favored for additional funding. Additionally, slightly over half of respondents said they would recommend "high priority" be given to open space and nature areas and to a waterfront promenade and park along the Seaplane Lagoon. The respondents most drawn to open-space-related improvements tended to be frequent park users and more affluent, while those interested in recreation-based community facility improvements were more likely to be female, middle-aged, and with children. Those attracted to improvements related to competitive or team sports improvements were more likely to be younger and with children. There was general support for, and interest in, activities related to community gardens.

The respondents to the on-line survey were more likely than those in the telephone sample to be female, a parent or guardian of at least one child, and frequent park users. Their responses were similar to those of the telephone survey in terms of perceptions of the parks, with a higher emphasis on open space and trails, habitat, community gardens and fenced dog parks.

Frequency of Alameda Park System Use

Respondents were asked to identify which Alameda recreation and park facilities, from a total of 12 categories, they had visited within the last 6 months. In general, it appears that a high percentage of respondents use the Alameda park system quite frequently, and that its nature areas and open spaces - trails, shoreline, parks, picnic areas, and playgrounds receive the most use. Approximately half (49%) said they were currently visiting Alameda park facilities "four or more times a month," while one quarter (24%) reported "two or three times a month" and 24%, a lower rate. Of the 400 respondents:

- Nearly nine in ten (87%) indicated they had recently visited Alameda's public shoreline or other natural areas; 84%, a city park; and 79%, a city walking and jogging trail. These visiting rates were significantly higher than others.
- About half reported visiting a city playground (51%) or a city picnic area
 (50%). Slightly fewer (42%) had been to any of the city's public athletic fields.
- About one in four claimed to visit a city dog park (27%), a city recreation center or senior center (26%), a city tennis court (25%), or a city basketball court (23%). Significantly fewer had visited a city pool (16%) or the Alameda Point Gymnasium (8%).

Among those averaging four or more monthly visits, 97% said they had been to the city's public shoreline or other natural areas; 92%, to a city park; and 90%, to a city trail. Between five and six in ten had visited one of the city's picnic areas, playgrounds, or athletic fields. Between three and four in ten had visited one of the city's dog parks, tennis courts, or basketball courts.

Frequency of visiting varied significantly by age, parental status, and household income. On average, younger to middle-aged (18 to 34) were 1.4 times more likely than those aged 55 and older to report visiting "four or more times a month". Parents with children aged 12 or younger were more likely than others to visit frequently, as well; among this group of 113 respondents, 58% reported visits "four or more times a month". And, those in the most affluent income category (\$120,000 or more annually) were 1.8 times more likely than those in the least affluent one to report a high visiting frequency.

84% of on-line respondents had visited Alameda park facilities four or more times a month. 100% of those respondents had recently used Alameda's public shoreline or other natural area, and in all other categories except tennis courts, on-line respondents also had higher rates of park use than the telephone survey respondents. This indicates that those responding to the on-line survey were mostly park system enthusiasts.



Perceptions About Alameda's Existing Recreation and Park System

Respondents were asked to describe the factors contributing to a good community park system. One in four (24%) cited the cleanliness of facilities; 18%, that they are well maintained; 18%, the presence of natural open-space; 17%, the park system's overall safety; and 14%, its accessibility. 36% of factors cited related to general attractiveness. Three in ten responses said natural open space, beach areas, or trails were attributes of a good park system; 18% cited children's areas, and another 18% cited accessibility. One in ten (11%) cited the presence of fields or courts as a factor.

Overall, perceptions about Alameda's existing recreation and park system were favorable. A total of 74% of respondents rated the existing overall quality as "much better than average" or "slightly better than average," including 38% who rated it "well above average". Asked to name, unaided, the one most desirable physical improvement to the Alameda park system, there was no consensus on any one set of recommendations – a favorable result, since no serious problem areas were identified in their set of responses (9% wanted more emphasis on landscape maintenance, 7% wanted more walking or biking trails, 7% for bathroom maintenance, 7% for additional swimming pools, 5% for more athletic fields, and 4% for more dog parks).

Asked to identify the most liked characteristic of Alameda's recreation and park system, accessibility stood out as a top characteristic, among both more frequent and less frequent park users, with 25% of respondents. 18% reported the abundance of parks; 10% its well-maintained state; 9% the variety of activities or facilities; 8%, the inclusion of natural open space; 8%, their cleanliness; 7% their family-friendliness; and 7%, their safety.

On-line survey respondents were most likely to identify the availability of natural open space, the good variety of activities and facilities, safety, family friendliness and good maintenance as what a good park system should have. They rated overall quality and safety of Alameda's parks similarly to the telephone respondents, although their perceptions about maintenance of the parks was somewhat lower than those of the overall survey sample. The highest rankings as to their most liked characteristic of Alameda's Recreation and Park system were the abundance of city parks, accessibility, availability of playgrounds, and the availability of natural open space.

Desirability of Specific Recreation and Park Improvement Options

Asked to rate their degree of interest in 15 park system improvement options, six in ten respondents reported being "very interested" in either creating natural open space or expanding the city's walking and jogging trail system. About half were "very interested" in two other options: providing an indoor aquatic center and creating community gardens in public parks.

When then asked whether they would "favor", "be neutral to", or "oppose" additional funding to support these options, the four improvements generating the highest levels of support – creating natural open space, expanding the city's trail system, providing an indoor aquatic center, and creating community gardens – were also those most likely to be favored for additional funding. The results showed a strong correlation between improvements respondents rated as "very interested" in and between those they rated they would "favor" for additional funding. In general, middle-aged respondents, parents, the more affluent, and those visiting Alameda park and recreation facilities at least four times a month all exhibited a higher propensity than others to say they would "favor" additional funding for any of the options.

Many of the improvements tended to be rated similarly by respondents. These "groupings" suggest that four motivating factors drive interest in Alameda park and recreation improvements:

- 79% of respondents were "very interested" in either natural open space, the trail system or community gardens, suggesting a common interest in openspace-related activities.
- 77% were "very interested" in at least one of five related improvements in recreation-based community facilities: an indoor aquatic center, a performing arts center, a community center, group picnic areas, or a sports complex.
- 46% were "very interested" in either baseball or softball fields, soccer fields, tennis courts, gym space, or a sports complex, indicating a motivation around competitive sports.
- Another 36% were "very interested" in either a senior center or dog parks, suggesting a common "special interests" factor.

On-line survey respondents were most likely to cite the need for more walking or bike trails. Similar to the telephone respondents, they were "very interested" in creating open space and improving the trail system, and would "favor" additional funding to support those efforts.



Recommendations About Alameda Point

Respondents were asked to judge the level of priority the city should give to five different park development strategies for Alameda Point. Strategies relating to open space and nature areas, as well as a waterfront promenade and park along the Seaplane Lagoon received the highest percentages of "High Priority" ratings, with 54% and 53% of respondents, respectively. A slightly lower percentage (46%) rated an indoor aquatic center as "high priority" and 42% also rated offering opportunities for community gardens and urban farming as "high priority". Those with children were significantly more likely than others to react favorably to a waterfront promenade and park and an indoor aquatic center.

When respondents were asked to recommend, unaided, a single best strategy for Alameda Point, a variety of solutions were provided, and no clear consensus emerged. In total, 28% offered open-space-related recommendations (natural areas, a nature habitat, walking and hiking trails, or campgrounds), while 19% suggested some type of development.

On-line survey respondents gave a higher priority to open space and nature areas at Alameda Point, and a lower priority to an indoor aquatics center than did the telephone respondents. As to the best strategy for Alameda Point, they were most likely to suggest city park space, walking or bike trails, and nature habitat.

Interest in Activities Related to Community Gardens

There was general support for, and interest in, activities related to community gardens. Over half of the respondents (57%) reported "definite interest" in at least one of the three top-ranking garden activities asked about in the survey (actively participating in a community garden activity, working with children in a community garden, or helping decide what to plant). And, many were already engaged in some kind of garden activity; 43% said they currently grow some type of food in an at-home garden.

On-line respondents were more than twice as likely as telephone respondents to grow food in an at-home garden, and were slightly more likely to belong to a community garden. They were more likely than their telephone survey counterparts to show interest in community garden management, composting information or classes, and information on how to cook what you grow.

B - STAKEHOLDER INPUT

In addition to the community survey, stakeholders were interviewed for their input regarding community needs. Alameda Recreation and Parks Staff, including management as well as facility staff, provided detailed information as to the current demands on fields and facilities, on current program capacity, and on programs and facilities which have been requested by the community, but are not currently provided by ARPD. Interviews were also held with participants in various sports programs, including aquatics and gym users (see also Chapter 03 - Existing Conditions, Program Inventory).

Stakeholder interviews were generally in line with the conclusions of the community survey, pointing to the highest desire and need for the following elements:

- Aquatics facility, preferably indoors, with competition and recreation pools,
- A community sports complex, including 2 to 3 synthetic soccer fields for extended playability, an additional 90' diamond baseball/softball field, and a concession/rest room building,
- A community center, including a large meeting space, teen recreation center, and dedicated day care space.

Additional desires that were identified in the stakeholder interviews were:

- Expanded trail and open space systems
- Additional dog park
- Amphitheater
- BMX area
- Sand volleyball
- Bocce complex
- Soccer fields
- Fitness course

Additional interviews were conducted with participants in urban agriculture and community gardening activities, as part of the overall Urban Greening Plan. Community gardens emerged as a significant desirable use in the City's parks, where space, sun exposure and access allow. Urban agriculture and community gardening is discussed in depth in the Alameda Urban Farm and Garden Plan that is being prepared concurrently with this Parks Master Plan.



C - COMMUNITY WORKSHOPS

Two community workshops were held in June 2011. They were advertised on the City web site, by email and posters, and in the local newspapers. The workshops were held at two locations in Alameda, Leydecker Park and Mastic Senior Center. The workshops began in an open house format, with interactive displays pertaining to each of Alameda's existing parks. Workshop participants were given the opportunity to record comments, observations and recommendations on any of the City's existing parks or recreation facilities. After a presentatation by the consultants, workshop participants broke into groups and engaged in a visioning exercise for the programming and conceptual design of the Belt Line Park site, for programming alternatives for future parks on Alameda Point, and considering options for urban agriculture and community gardening.

The exercises pertaining to the Belt Line Park site and Alameda Point shed additional light on community priorities. There was strong interest in urban agriculture and community gardens as part of Belt Line Park as well as on Alameda Point. Generally, a mix of uses was desired at the Belt Line site, to provide for a range of recreation opportunities which could include a community center in a pastoral setting. Alameda Point is seen as more appropriate for active or intense uses such as a sports complex and aquatics center.

Workshop materials, participant comments, and examples of the results of the table exercises are included as an Appendix to this Urban Greening + Parks Master Plan Document.











CHAPTER 5 - GOALS AND STANDARDS



PARK GOALS AND STANDARDS

Alameda has a well used and well loved park system. Alameda's Recreation and Parks Department (ARPD) offers a wide array of facilities and services. A high percentage of Alameda residents are frequent park users, and most have positive perceptions of their parks. In order to continue to meet the needs of Alameda's residents, and to maintain those positive perceptions, the City must establish clear goals and standards for their park and recreation facilities. Standards are derived national standards and comparable standards in surrounding communities. However, the standards have been evaluated and adjusted to account for the unique use patterns, needs and desires of Alameda's residents, and the characteristics and resources of the City.

Acreage

California cities typically strive to meet acreage standards of 3 to 6 acres per 1,000 residents. Under the state's Quimby Act, cities have the right to require new development to contribute land or funding to provide a minimum of 3 acres or parkland per 1,000 new residents. The City currently provides approximately 2 acres of park and recreation space per 1,000 residents (not including the 325+ acre Chuck Corica Golf Complex). As the population grows and Alameda is further built out, it is appropriate to set 3 acres per 1,000 residents as the City standard. As Alameda Point develops, new residential development should provide 3 acres of neighborhood park per 1,000 new residents. Aside from Alameda Point, there are limited sites available within the City for development of new parks. There have been, however, a number of sites identified that can allow the City to meet the standard of 3 acres per 1,000 total population over time.

Although at 3 acres per 1,000 residents, the overall acreage for City parks would only meet the minimum acreage established in the Quimby Act, it is more than adequate when other factors are taken into account.

• East Bay Regional Parks District (EBRPD) currently operates the 80-acre Crown Beach area along the southern shoreline of Alameda. When Alameda Point is developed, at least an additional 145 acres of open space will be provided for passive uses. This would bring the projected park acreage to almost 6 acres per 1,000 residents at the year 2030. Immediately south of the City, the Martin Luther King, Jr. Regional Shoreline provides over 700 acres of additional open

Park & Open Space Acreages		Current population: 72,500	With Alameda Point Build- out:	2030 population (projected): 80,000	
			77,000		
Existing, per ARPD Total:	141.6 acres	1.95 AC / 1,000	1.84 AC / 1,000	1.77 AC / 1,000	
Alameda Point Soccer Fi (Not including Main Stre or Hornet (2 acres)) 2 nd Street: Total:		2.0 AC / 1,000	1.9 AC / 1,000	1.8 AC / 1,000	
Planned parks Beltline: Boatworks: Sub-total: Total:	22 acres <u>2 acres</u> 24 acres 169 acres	2.3 AC / 1,000	2.2 AC / 1,000	2.1 AC / 1,000	
Proposed parks North Loop Road Park: Encinal Terminal: Mt. Trashmore: Sub-total: Total:	12 acres 6 acres 20 acres 38 acres 207 acres	2.9 AC / 1,000	2.7 AC / 1,000	2.6 AC / 1,000	
Future Alameda Point P Neighborhood Parks and Community Sports Park: Total:		3.3 AC / 1,000	3.1 AC / 1,000	30 AC / 1,000	

Note: Does not include future EBRPD Alameda Point Parks, or Chuck Corica Golf Complex.

Figure 9 - Park & Open Space Acreages

space available to residents. It should be noted that passive open space for hiking and walking is expressed by the community as their highest priority.

- As an island community,
 Alameda promotes shoreline access,
 providing shoreline trails wherever
 possible. Portions of this trail access
 do not fall within the park acreage
 calculations, although the trails serve as
 recreational facilities for walking, jogging,
 biking, and passive enjoyment. Additional
 trail segments, separated from vehicular
 traffic, are found throughout the island,
 further augmenting the City's recreational
 facilities.
- Given the distribution of Alameda's parks and the City's flat topography, virtually all of Alameda's population is within easy walking distance of a park or open space facility.

GOAL: Alameda should provide a minimum of 3 acres of neighborhood and community park per 1,000 residents.



Figure 10 - Park Locations

Access and Service Areas

Alameda's parks are focal points and social centers of the neighborhoods. Residents tend to identify their neighborhoods by their local park. Most Alameda residents are within a five minute walk (¼ mile), of an existing or planned local park, with the exception of some portions of the East Central and East End areas. According to the 1990 General Plan, 95% of the City's children live within 3/8 mile of a park. When trail connections are considered, an even higher proportion of the City is within easy walking range of a recreational open space.

GOAL: All Alameda residents should be within a 5-minute walk of a park, open space or trail.



Figure 11 - Parks, Trails, and Park Service Areas (1/4 mile)

Sports Fields

Alameda has an active field sports community. Multiple youth and adult leagues participate in baseball, softball, soccer and other field sports. The Sports Fields Standards Table to the right shows the number of fields operated by ARPD, as well as those fields located on Alameda Unified School District (AUSD) property, and several fields on Alameda Point. The table shows the existing ratio of fields to population, at the current population of 72,500 Alameda residents. It also shows the recommended standard for the City of Alameda based on the Community Needs Assessment, current use patterns and comparable communities' standards. "Diamond fields" include softball and baseball fields for youth and adults, including both 60' diamonds and 90' diamonds. "Rectangular fields" ionclude both youth and adult sized fields which are used for soccer, football, rugby and/or lacrosse.

City sports fields operated by ARPD are shown on the following maps, which also indicate a 1/2 mile service area for each field. The maps illustrate that sports fields are generally well distributed throughout the City, with most residents being within ½ mile of a sports field.

Recommended Sports Fields Standards

Sports Facilities	Existing ARPD Fields	Alameda Point (Multi-Use Field counted with ARPD)	AUSD	Total Existing Fields	Existing Ratio (including ARPD, AUSD, Alameda Point)	Existing Ratio (including <u>only</u> ARPD fields)	Recommended Standard	RECOMMENDED SERVICE AREA
Diamond Fields	19	0	6	25	1:2,900	1:3,800	1:3,000	½ mile
Rectangular Fields	13	7	5	25	1:2,900	1:5,600	1:2,500	½ mile

Notes:

- 1. "Diamond Fields" includes softball and baseball, 60' & 90' diamonds.
- 2. "Rectangular Fields" includes both adult and youth sized fields, which may be used for soccer, football, rugby and/or lacrosse. They include fields overlaid on diamond outfields. Assume that 1 synthetic field is equivalent to 1.5 turf fields due to increased usage time.
- 3. Assumes current population of 72,500

Sports Fields Shortfalls

Sports Facilities	Recommended Standard	Total Fields	SHORTFALLS	Current Population 72,500	Alameda Point Build-out Population 77,000	2030 Population 80,000
Diamond Fields	1:3,000	25		1*	2	3
Rectangular Fields	1:2,500	25		4	6+3**	7+3**

- * Diamond Field shortfall identified due to lack of 90' diamonds for adult league play.
- ** Assumes that 3 rectangular fields at Alameda Point (Main Street and Hornet Fields) will be removed with Alameda Point redevelopment.



The number of fields, however, is not adequate to meet the current needs of those who wish to play field sports, even when Alameda Unified School District fields are included. As the fields are generally distributed among the neighborhoods rather than being consolidated into a community sports complex, there is a lack of facilities suitable for tournament play, and families with more than one participant must drive to various locations for games. There is currently a shortfall in the number of rectangular fields, which will increase when several of the Alameda Point fields are taken off-line for development. Currently, although the overall number of diamond fields appears to be adequate, there is an identifed shortage of regulation 90' baseball diamonds for adult league play. As Alameda's population increases, the shortage of fields will also increase unless new fields are built.

GOAL: Alameda should provide diamond fields at the rate of 1 field per 3,000 residents, in a range of sizes to accommodate play from Little League, to softball, to adult hardball.



Figure 12 - Diamond Fields with 1/2 mile Service Areas

GOAL: Alameda should provide rectangular fields at the rate of 1 field per 2,500 residents, in a range of sizes to accommodate youth and adult soccer, football, rugby and lacrosse.

GOAL: Alameda should consolidate sports fields to provide a community sports facility with competetive fields and concession areas to facilitate tournament play.



Figure 13 - Rectangular Fields with 1/2 mile Service Areas

BUILDING FACILITY GOALS AND STANDARDS

The Alameda Recreation and Parks Department (ARPD) provides programs and services to all Alameda residents from toddlers, tiny tots, youth, and teens to adults and active seniors. ARPD also has many partners in providing recreational and educational programs to the community, such as the Alameda Unified School District (AUSD) and the Boys & Girls Club.

The backbone of the City's recreation system is its park facilities, which cultivate the character and ambiance of their respective neighborhoods in the Island City. The City's first three recreation buildings – McKinley, Washington, and Lincoln – were built in the early 1900s. Since then ARPD has been steadily increasing both its community parks and its recreation facilities, adding new facilities approximately every 10 years through the 1980s.

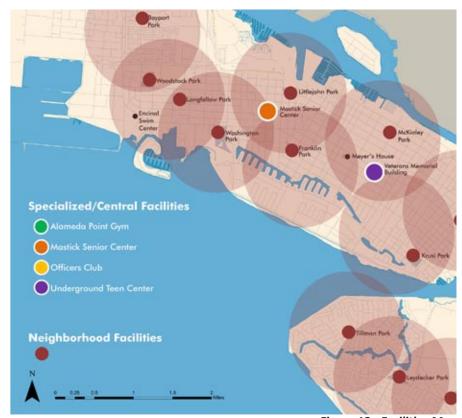


Figure 13 - Facilities Map

Facilities Assessments

ARPD's current facilities were assessed based on documents and information provided by the City, and on ARPD staff-guided tours of each facility in the summer of 2011. The facilities not included in the assessment study included the Krusi Park building (a replacement project is underway); the Alameda Theatre; the model airplane field; the golf complex; and the City's and School District's aquatics facilities, which were the subject of a separate recent assessment study.

ARPD's facilities are generally well maintained. However, many are showing their age, and in many cases are in need of refurbishment and code upgrades. There are significant opportunities to improve facilities systemwide to meet current accessibility guidelines and standards. Facilities such as the Alameda Point Gym and the Officers Club are candidates for major renovation of building envelopes and major systems.

More detailed assessment findings and recommendations for each facility are provided in the chapter on Existing Conditions.

System Analysis

The City's current recreation service model has smaller neighborhood facilities providing recreational services to their local communities, and larger specialized facilities providing citywide services.





• Neighborhood facilities are a network of small buildings located in parks throughout the city. These facilities are convenient and well located within their communities. They support local community services such as preschool program, after school programs, community recreation classes, and summer youth camps. These facilities provide excellent community access due to their citywide distribution. They are only staffed when programs are being offered and can be operated independently on a per program basis.



Specialized facilities have a citywide reach, focusing on specific client and/or program types. The Mastick Senior Center – the only ARPD facility with full time recreational staff – is centrally located and offers community-wide recreational programs. The Underground teen program at the Veterans Memorial Building operates during after-school hours. The Alameda Point Gym hosts organized league and recreational court uses.

In partnership with AUSD, the City offers aquatics programs at Encinal High School and Alameda High School. The aquatic facilities were recently assessed in a separate study, which recommended significant improvements or replacement of both. The City recently made the policy decision not to build or refurbish its own aquatics facilities, but to continue to provide aquatic programs through ongoing or new partnerships.

In the analysis of the services and facilities offered and operated by ARPD, several things became clear:

• The neighborhood facilities provide efficient and accessible space that supports preschool programs, after school programs, summer camps, localized recreation programs, and community space.



- The Mastick Senior Center provides excellent programs and services to seniors as well as a small amount of general community programming.
- The Alameda Point Gym and the Officers Club are unique links to the character and history of Alameda, but in their current condition the facilities limit recreation programming.
- The Underground Teen Center program is limited by its current location.
- There is a need for a centrally-located community center that supports citywide multi-generational recreational programming and services.



System Goals

To guide the recommendations for the master plan for facilities, the City established system goals that included:

- Maximize existing resources where possible, reuse existing City buildings rather than build new;
- Maximize partnerships in order to provide efficient and sustainable services, continue to leverage partnerships for both recreation programs and facilities;
- Maximize revenue consider cost recovery opportunities, design flexibility, independent use, and opportunities for rentals and revenue generation; and
- Maximize efficiency reduce operational duplication and provide services, programs, and facilities as efficiently as possible.

These goals helped shape and evaluate the potential facility development scenarios, and form the foundation of the recommended facility development strategy.

CHAPTER 6 - RECOMMENDATIONS



A - PARKS RECOMMENDATIONS

1 - Preserve and Enhance Existing Parks and Facilities

Alameda is well served by its network of neighborhood parks. Maintenance, upkeep and improvements over time are essential for a preserving infrastructure, and for continuing to provide functional, inviting and attractive parks.

- Assign high priority to maintenance and renovation of existing parks, as described in the Existing Conditions Chapter recommendations.
- Monitor existing parks on a regular basis and identify those sites that require repair, renovation and/or improvements.

2 - Develop Additional Park Acreage

Because Alameda is largely built out, opportunities to create additional parks are limited. A number of sites have been identified that can be developed as City parks. If all of the following sites are developed, over time, the City can meet the goal of 3 acres per 1,000 residents.

Develop proposed park sites to increase the City's park acreage.

<u>Beltline Park</u> - This 22-acre site is centrally located, and large enough to accommodate both active and passive recreation, urban agriculture and/ or community gardens, and a recreation facility such as a community center.

<u>Boatworks Park</u> - This 2-acre site at the Estuary shoreline between Oak and Elm Streets has been entitled as part of an adjacent residential development. It will accommodate mostly passive uses, but will also include water access for non-motorized water craft.

 Monitor opportunities to develop potential park sites to increase the City's park acreage.

North Loop Road Park - This 12-acre site on Bay Farm Island could be developed for active or passive uses, and is large enough to accommodate several sports fields.

<u>Encinal Terminal</u> - This mixed use development will include public park land, and provide public access to the Estuary Shoreline around the perimeter of the site.

Mt. Trashmore - This 20-acre former garbage/landfill site at the Estuary Shoreline on Bay Farm Island could be developed for passive uses and habitat. Park development is constrained by the issues associated with the site's prior use, including the ongoing risk of methane leaks and ground settlement, however, a number of similar sites around the bay have been successfully converted to passive use parks.

Former Coast Guard Housing Park Site - This site along Mitchell Avenue was at one time used for active sports, and could be redeveloped for such use.

Future Alameda Point Parks

Alameda Point - The largest developable land area in the City, Alameda Point is the most suitable location for large passive parks and for active sports. As the residential component of Alameda Point develops, it is recommended that the City require 3 acres of neighborhood park for each 1,000 new residents. Alameda Point is also anticipated to be the location for passive parks operated by East Bay Regional Park District.

- As infill and new development occurs, explore opportunities to collaborate with private developers to create pocket parks and neighborhood parks in association with those developments.
- Continue to enhance partnerships with East Bay Regional Park District (EBRPD), and the California Department of Parks and Recreation (the State Park system) to develop and manage parks, enhance access to parks and open space, and to acquire additional parkland. This is particularly appropriate given the high interest expressed in the Community Surveys in open space for hiking and walking.
- As new park acreage is developed, allocate funds to increase the ARPD's maintenance budget commensurate with the increased maintenance needs.

3 - Improve Access for All Residents

Alameda has well distributed parks, and a network of trails, particularly along the water. Although most residents are within ¼ mile of a park, and 95% of the City's children live within 3/8 mile of a park, residents of some areas, particularly the East End and East Central areas, are farther removed from park facilities.



- Develop identified park sites in areas that are currently underserved (e.g. Boatworks Park, Beltline Park)
- Improve and expand the City's trail system to provide recreational opportunities and improve access to parks and shoreline.
- Expand access to Alameda's shoreline wherever feasible.
- Where separated trails are not feasible, improve on-street connections to be pedestrian and bicycle-friendly green streets.
- Continue to upgrade existing parks to ADA standards to ensure accessibility for all.

4 - Provide Additional Sports Fields

As Alameda's population grows, its current shortage of sports fields will be increased. By the year 2030, the projected population of 80,000 will result in the need for 3 more diamond fields than exist currently, and 10 more rectangular fields. There is also a need to develop and cluster competitive field uses in order to accommodate tournaments. Additionally, the year round need to keep sports fields in use and the need to control maintenance costs would be best addressed with the development of competitive synthetic turf fields.

A comparison of current population and facilities to industry standards reveals an immediate shortfall of one full-size baseball/softball field (90' baselines) and four rectangular multi-use turf areas to accommodate soccer, football, rugby, and lacrosse. This deficiency is projected to increase to an additional two full-sized ball fields and six rectangular multi-use fields with the anticipated build out of Alameda Point. Based on review of current conditions, it is recommended to construct two to three all-weather fields immediately as well as one full-size baseball field to begin addressing the shortfalls.

As described below, the identified potential park sites could provide sufficient space to meet these needs.

Potential Sites for Sports Fields

Beltline Park - This site is already owned by the City, in a central location, and linked to the future Beltline Spur Trail. There is easy access from perimeter roads, although there is limited visibility of the total site from the perimeter

roads. Parking must be accommodated on site. There is a need to buffer the established residential community from park use impacts. The linear shape of the site limits sports field configurations. The site will likely require soils remediation, which impacts cost and timing of development.

North Loop Road Park – The property is not currently owned by the City. There is convenient access for Bay Farm Island residents, with easy access from North Loop Road, which could also accommodate off-site parking. There is good visibility along the length of the site from perimeter roads. There is a need to buffer the established residential community from sports impacts. The existing Kindercare facility divides the park site, and the linear shape of the site limits sports field configurations.

- <u>Encinal Terminal</u> This site is not owned by the City. The ability to accommodate fields and the schedule of construction will be subject to the mixed use development's timing and approvals.
- Former Coast Guard Housing Site This property is not owned by the City. It has historically been used for active field sports. There is easy access and good visibility from the perimeter roads. It is readily accessible to residents of the western end of the island. It will not be contiguous with the developed Alameda community until redevelopment occurs.
- Alameda Point Neighborhood Parks The City controls the property and planning process contingent on redevelopment of Alameda Point. Neighborhood parks in the redeveloped area are more likely to be used by local residents than by the overall Alameda community.
- Alameda Point Community Sports Park The City controls the property and planning process. The site would be more accessible to residents on the western end of the island, and would not be contiguous with the developed Alameda community until redevelopment occurs. This is the only currently identified site large enough for a regulation 90' diamond ballfield. There is the opportunity to locate new fields in conjunction with the existing fields and Gym at Alameda Point, or to create partnerships with private development to build and operate facilities. Construction of fields would be subject to timing of redevelopment of Alameda Point.



Potential Field Capacity

Potential Site	Diamond Fields	Rectangular Fields
Beltline Park	1-2 Little League	2-3 youth fields
North Loop Road	3 Little League	3-4 fields
Encinal Terminal		1 field
Former Coast Guard Housing Site	1 – 60' diamond	3 fields
Alameda Point Neighborhood Parks	2 Little League	2 youth fields
Alameda Point Community Sports Park	1-2 90' diamond	1-2 competition fields

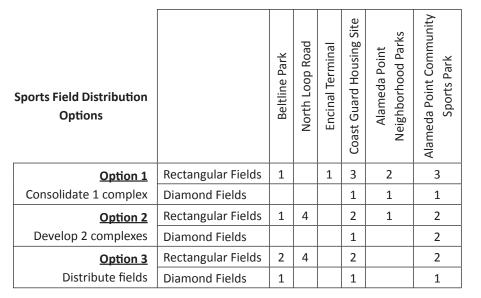
Develop sports field facilities to meet the standard of 1 diamond field per 3,000 residents and 1 rectangular field per 2,500 residents.

- Option 1 Consolidate the majority of new sports uses into one sports complex
- Option 2 Develop majority of sports uses on both eastern and western ends
 of the community
- Option 3 Distribute sports uses on three sites throughout the community.

OPTION 1







Option 1 Option 2 Option 3 Distribution - Loop Consolidation at **East-West Distribution** Alameda Point/Coast Loop Road & Road, Beltline & **Guard Housing** Alameda Point/Coast Alameda Point **Guard Housing** Distribution Concentrates facilities Distributes facilities Distributes facilities at west end of island to both ends of throughout Alameda, Most underserved Alameda although does not address gap in service areas are on eastern Alameda areas Costs Economy of scale Duplication of Costs and avoid duplication concessions construction can be of concessions/ spread over time restrooms. Duplication of Possible partnerships concessions & with Bladium or Big restrooms League Dreams ■ Beltline Park may Timing Timing on sports Loop Road Park may complex unclear be constructed on need significant pending Alameda accelerated timeline remediation - delays Point development construction plans **Operations** Achieves maintenance efficiencies Other Space is available Loop Road could ■ Possible conflict with Possible synergy with satisfy soccer needs transit corridor @ existing Alameda Beltline Neighborhood Point Multipurpose Field challenges @ Beltline Accommodate Possible circulation tournaments issues @ Beltline Public support for sports complex Traffic impacts if tournament use

5 - Provide additional passive open space, habitat areas, trails and shoreline access.

Access to natural open space and trails is the highest priority for Alameda residents. The City has already established a successful partnership with EBRPD and with the management of Crown Beach and the Shoreline Trail. The redevelopment of Alameda Point provides significant potential to provide enhanced habitat areas and increased open space. Much of the Northwest Territories' 700 acres will be protected as habitat area. Restrictions placed on Tidelands Trust land will secure these areas for open space, park and waterfront related uses.

- Continue to enhance partnerships with the East Bay Regional Park District (EBRPD), and the California Department of Parks and Recreation (the State Park system) to develop and manage parks, enhance access to parks and open space, and to acquire additional parkland.
- Continue to implement recommendations for the Cross Alameda Trail, and the City of Alameda Pedestrian Plan.
- Incorporate shoreline trails along the perimeter of Alameda Point and Coast Guard property as part of the redevelopment planning effort.
- Continue efforts to implement a waterfront trail between Sweeny Bridge and Grand Marina.
- Incorporate open space and habitat access into the redevelopment planning efforts for Alameda Point.



Tidelands Trust

6 – Develop Beltline Park as a community park to meet the needs of a cross-section of the community

The acquisition of the former "Beltline" Railroad property provides the City with the opportunity to develop a centrally located community park. At 22 acres, the site is significantly larger than other community parks in Alameda. The site is prominently located at the intersection of Constitution Way and Atlantic Avenue. Currently, views into the site are obstructed by vegetation. However, there is an opportunity for visual access into the park. The parcel has a long linear configuration.

Office buildings and associated parking lots form the northern boundary of the site. The southern boundary abuts an established residential community. The Food Bank Partnership is located at the western edge of the parcel. Auto access to the site would be limited to short segments on Atlantic Avenue at the western and eastern ends of the site. Auto access through adjacent neighborhoods should be discouraged. The proposed Cross Alameda Trail Corridor will cross the site and provide bike and pedestrian links to the community. An 85' corridor will need to be retained across the site to accommodate the trail and potential transit. The former Railroad property contains deteriorated infrastructure, including railroad tracks and accessories, and likely requires environmental remediation which will present challenges to park and urban farm use.



Beltline Park

Three potential options are beginning to emerge with regard to the development of the Alameda Beltline property. They all include community garden areas (also ranked high by the public) and a number of potential variations of athletic fields and community center building configurations.

Through workshops and discussion with stakeholders for following guiding principles emerged:

- The western edge of the property should be developed for urban farming in partnership with the Food Bank. A community/demonstration garden might be developed at the east end of the parcel in conjunction with the community center.
- Residential areas should be buffered from active park uses. Local pedestrian access points should connect the park with neighborhoods.
- Access and parking areas should be developed at each end of the park with a looped pedestrian network linking the two ends.
- To "activate" such a large linear park it is important to provide a variety of uses of facilities that appeal to a cross-section of the community.
- The park should not be dominated by sports uses. It should provide familyoriented active and passive uses.
- Sustainable concepts should be seamlessly integrated and celebrated in the design.

7 - Pursue Partnering Options for Providing Additional Facilities and Programs

With shrinking budgets and increasing demands, one effective means of providing additional parks, open space, facilities and programs is through partnerships with other public entities and private organizations. Alameda has several successful examples of this approach, including partnerships with East Bay Regional Parks District, and with the Boys & Girls Club. Partnerships can allow the City to provide more services at a lower cost.

- Continue to partner with East Bay Regional Parks District for operation of large open space parks such as Crown Beach. Explore additional partnership opportunities with EBRPD at Alameda Point, and Mt. Trashmore.
- Coordinate with non-profit organizations such as the Boys & Girls Club to provide complementary services and facilities.



- Consider expansion of private sector partnerships such as Bladium Sports
 Club or Miracle League to fill unmet community needs.
- Seek opportunities for public/private partnerships, and partnering with nonprofits, community or sports groups for specific improvements to existing facilities.
- Develop agreements with ball field leagues to self-maintain infields to allow maintenance staff to focus on other areas of the parks.

8 -Ensure Ongoing Funding of Park Maintenance and Maximize Maintenance Efficiencies

In order to continue to provide the excellent quality of parks that the residents of Alameda currently enjoy, ongoing maintenance must be of the highest priority. Whether considering existing parks and facilities, expanding or improving existing facilities, or adding new parks and facilities, ensuring funding for maintenance is essential.

Basic maintenance costs include personnel costs for tasks such as mowing turf, pruning trees and shrubs, weeding, upkeep of irrigation systems and site furnishings, trash collection, sweeping and graffiti removal. They also include water and electricity charges. Some specialized park elements, such as restrooms, large group picnic areas, sports fields or dog parks, have greater maintenance requirements. Routine replacement of park elements such as play structures, court surfacing, field turf, landscaping and irrigation, benches, etc. (life-cycle costs) must be included in ongoing maintenance projections. A cost matrix is included in the Appendices to this Urban Greening + Parks Master Plan, which lists projected maintenance costs for various elements of the park system. Careful tracking of discrete elements of operations and maintenance may also reveal areas for specific cost savings (e.g. irrigation upgrades which result in lower water usage; new lighting technology which uses less energy and requires less frequent maintenance).

- Identify funding sources for ongoing maintenance of any new park or facility to be added to the existing parks system, prior to acquisition.
- Consider forming Citywide or local Landscape and Lighting Districts to provide an ongoing funding stream for park maintenance and operations.
- Consider developing a segregated capital reinvestment fund within the City's General Fund to support life-cycle replacement of existing park amenities.

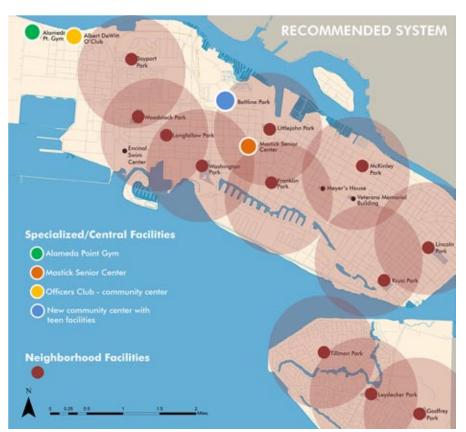
- Maintain a segregated account for use fees, concession charges, and other fees generated from the parks, for reinvestment in maintenance of the parks.
- Track operations and maintenance expenditures to determine annual costs of discrete elements such as irrigation and graffiti abatement.
- Seek opportunities for grant funding, public/private partnerships, and partnering with non-profits, community or sports groups for specific improvements.
- Seek out and encourage the provision of volunteer assistance and stewardship from civic organizations, special interest groups, and individuals to reinforce a sense of park ownership by community.
- Maximize maintenace efficiencies where possible, including:
 - Encourage use of perferred equipment
 - Use primarily turf and mulch as park ground plane, avoiding large areas
 of groundcover and shrub planting. Explore opportunities to transition
 lawn under mature trees to non-irrigated mulch areas.
 - Avoid location of sand pits in play areas near safety surfacing sand pits should be surrounded by concrete to facilitate sweeping.
 - Use fiberglass or concrete light poles, which resist corrosion from the marine environment.
 - Use asphalt for pathway surfacing.
 - Use concrete for park signs.



B-BUILDING FACILITY RECOMMENDATIONS

Neighborhood Facilities

The City's neighborhood park facilities are very efficient to operate, well used, and highly valued by the community. The City should continue to operate and maintain this network of facilities. Based on their age, it is likely that some of the facilities are out of compliance with current seismic, energy, and accessibility standards and codes; further analysis would be required to identify and prioritize specific code upgrades that may be required. The City should continue addressing both deferred and ongoing maintenance projects at these facilities.



Specialized Facilities

The Mastick Senior Center is successful at serving community members from throughout the city. The City should continue to maintain this facility as a center for senior programs and services in Alameda. Although many improvements have been made, the facility's age suggests that it is likely out of compliance with current seismic, energy, and accessibility standards and codes. The City may also wish to conduct further analysis in order to identify potential strategies for improving space utilization or increasing capacity.



The City should provide improved facilities for youth programs. Although the Veterans Memorial Building has a central location in the community, the building's age suggests that significant upgrades may be needed in order to comply with modern codes and standards for building systems, seismic performance, energy efficiency, and accessibility. Upgrading the building would likely prove less costeffective than re-locating the youth program to an alternative site. Co-locating the youth program with other centralized recreation facilities would provide opportunities to enhance youth programming and improve operational efficiency.



The Alameda Point Gym is a valuable resource for city recreation programs and should be retained. Programs would benefit from modernized courts, bleachers, and support facilities. The building should be upgraded to meet current codes and standards for seismic performance, building systems, energy efficiency, and accessibility.



The City should develop a central community center facility to support larger-scale citywide recreation needs, such as including large program/event space, classrooms, and arts and crafts facilities. Incorporating the teen center and additional preschool programs could improve operational efficiency and expand revenue generating opportunities.

Facility Development Scenarios

A number of sites and facility strategies were potentially available to improve citywide recreation, community center, and youth programming. In order to evaluate the possible combinations of facilities and sites, four facility development scenarios were identified that generally emphasized each of the system goals. These included:

• Maximizing existing resources. This scenario seeks to maximize the use of the City's existing facilities and infrastructure rather than building new. Elements of this scenario included renovation of the Alameda Point Gym for active recreation; renovation of the Alameda Point Pool for aquatics programs; renovation and adaptive reuse of the Officers Club for a community center; and renovation of the Veterans Memorial Building to improve space for youth programs.



- Maximizing partnerships. This scenario seeks to minimize the City's investment in capital projects through partnerships with other service providers. It assumes that the City would continue to provide aquatics facilities through an existing or new partner. It also assumes that the City would develop a partnership for active recreation/sports facilities (e.g., court sports). Under this scenario, the Alameda Point Gym/Pool would no longer be used by ARPD for recreation programming.
- Maximizing revenue generation. This scenario seeks to develop facilities that support the generation of revenue to offset operations and/or capital costs. It develops a new community center at the Beltline site with large event hall, active recreation spaces (e.g., gymnasium), preschool facilities, and a teen center; the inclusion of an aquatic program could further increase the City's ability to develop revenue through the sale of annual passes. The Officers Club is renovated to increase its rentability as an event venue. Under this scenario, the Alameda Point Gym, Alameda Point Pool, and Veterans Memorial Building are not used for Recreation & Park programming and are available either for other city/community uses or as surplus property.
- Maximizing efficiency. This scenario seeks to create facilities that minimize operational costs (staffing, energy use, and maintenance) through consolidated facilities with logical floor plans, excellent sightlines and adjacencies, and highly efficient building materials and systems. This scenario adds a new community center (possibly at the Beltline site) with large event hall, active recreation spaces (e.g., gymnasium), preschool facilities, and a teen center; an aquatics program could be added as well. The Alameda Point Gym, Alameda Point Pool, Officers Club, and Veterans Memorial Building are not used for Recreation & Park programming and are available either for other city/community uses or as surplus property.

The Summary Table below describes each of the scenarios and their associated advantages and disadvantages.

Summary of scenarios

	Scenario: Maximize Existing Resources	Scenario: Maximize Partnerships	Scenario: Maximize Revenue	Scenario: Maximize Operational Efficiency
Strategies	Use existing buildingsNo new construction	Develop active recreation and aquatics programs through partnership with public/private entities	 Develop facilities with sufficient program range and capacity to support annual pass sales Develop facilities that support revenue generation programs such as rentals and preschool 	 Reduce number of facilities to operate and maintain Buildings are highly energy efficient Buildings can be staffed/operated efficiently
Scenario Components	 Renovate Alameda Point Gym Renovate Alameda Point Pool Renovate/adaptive reuse of Officers Club for community center Renovate Veterans Memorial Building 	 Renovate/adaptive reuse of Officers Club for community center Aquatics and active recreation/ gym facilities provided by partner Renovate Veterans Memorial Building for teen program 	 New community center with active recreation (aquatics, gym), preschool, youth center, and large event hall with kitchen. Renovate/adaptive reuse of Officers Club to maximize rentals. 	New community center with active recreation (aquatics, gym), preschool, youth center, and large event hall with catering kitchen.
Pros	Builds on existing resources and infrastructure Largest amount of square footage	 Potentially least capital cost scenario Alameda Point Gym and Pool become surplus assets 	Beltline site is a reasonably central location in the community for programs and services Vets Memorial Building and Alameda Point Gym and Pool become surplus assets	Beltline site is a reasonably central location in the community for programs and services Vets Memorial Building, Officers Club, and Alameda Point Gym and Pool become surplus assets
Cons	 Potentially highest capital cost scenario Alameda Point not perceived as a central location within the community 	City access to recreation and aquatics facilities subject to negotiation/ cooperation with partners	Alameda Point Gym has unique historical value and space that a new facility most likely will not match.	Alameda Point Gym and the Officers Club have unique historical value and space that new facilities most likely will not match.

Recommended Option

Based on analysis and evaluation of each of the scenarios, the City developed a hybrid preferred option that includes the following:

- Renovate the Alameda Point Gym at its current size of approximately 35,000 square feet to improve support for citywide and regional sports programming. The renovation program would include improved courts, bleachers, and support spaces. The site of the adjacent pool building would be repurposed. Building renovation would cost approximately \$20-22 million, with an additional \$8-9 million allowance for parking and landscape renovation.
- Renovate the Officers Club at its current size of approximately 32,000 square feet to develop large program/event space for community use and rentals. Depending on the renovation program, the City may be able to develop a partnership with a third-party service provider to operate either a portion of the facility (such as a bar/restaurant) or the entire facility (such as a conference/meeting venue). Building renovation would cost approximately \$15-16 million, with an additional \$1-2 million allowance for parking and landscape renovation.
- Develop a new community center of approximately 35,000-40,000 square feet in an accessible central location in the city. Significant program elements include a small gymnasium, teen center, large program/event space, and preschool programs. The Beltline site has the capacity to accommodate a facility of this size and would be an appropriately central location. The approximate building cost would be \$22-27 million (assuming a single story building and, not including land costs), with an additional allowance of \$3-4 million for parking and landscaping.



- Develop aquatics programs for teaching, competition/fitness, and recreational swimming through partnerships, with facilities provided by a public or private aquatics service provider.
- Discontinue the use of the Veterans Memorial Building for City-provided recreation programming.
- Continue to operate and maintain the Mastick Senior Center.
- Continue to operate, maintain, and refurbish (as feasible) the neighborhood facilities throughout the city.

Project Priorities and Phasing

Because specific funding strategies have not yet been identified for these recommended projects, phasing priorities were not developed as part of this master plan. As such, the recommended projects will be implemented based on opportunity, when funding and/or partnerships for specific projects arise. The City may wish to evaluate other phasing strategies, such as prioritizing projects that fulfill specific community needs (e.g., for community event space); projects that will boost revenue generation (e.g., additional preschool capacity); or those that create surplus assets (e.g., moving the youth program out of the Veterans Memorial Building).

Budget Development

As the size and scope of each project is refined, detailed budgets can be developed to help the City plan funding strategies. Budgets should be as comprehensive as possible, including site acquisition, site and building construction, furniture, technology, equipment, signage/graphics, and public art as appropriate, as well as design fees and other soft costs, contingencies, escalation, fees, moving expenses, and temporary facilities (as needed).

C-FUNDING SOURCES

There are many options for funding the recommended capital projects. A key component of the master plan is the concept of partnerships, an approach that applies to the funding and implementation of capital projects as well as to providing services to the community. Partnerships with public and private entities are an excellent way to leverage funds to meet multiple needs efficiently, and more and more public facilities in California are sharing resources to meet common goals. This section describes some of the more common strategies that public agencies use to develop facilities, in addition to partnerships.

City Funds

General funds and reserve funds are a potential source of funding. Available general revenue funds are often used for small projects. Larger projects usually require funds to be set aside annually into a reserve account for a capital program.

General Obligation Bonds

Since the passage of Proposition 46 in 1986, cities have been able to issue general obligation bonds to acquire, construct, or improve real property. General obligation bonds are the most efficient form of long-term debt financing because they require neither a reserve fund nor funded interest (i.e. capitalized interest) during construction or acquisition of the project. Therefore, general obligation bonds are smaller in size and annual total debt is correspondingly lower than for any other form of long-term debt financing. The major challenge of a general obligation bond is that they require passage by a super-majority (two-thirds) of voters.

Redevelopment Funds

State of California Redevelopment law has allowed a redevelopment agency to obtain funds using "tax increment financing." This type of financing registered a total property tax value for the area and then allowed any future increases in taxes (the "tax increment") due to increases in the assessed value of properties within the area to go to the redevelopment agency for use in stimulating development. The purpose of these redevelopment areas was to fund new projects that would create a healthier environment for businesses and residents. The redevelopment agency could then use the funds raised through the tax increment to rehabilitate

properties, promote creation of jobs, improve streets and streetscapes, parks, and other public facilities, stimulate private business and development, and create investment to accomplish what could not be done by other public or private means. Limitations on the types of projects that could be built using redevelopment funds, included a requirement that projects be located within an official redevelopment district.

The status of the California Redevelopment law is uncertain until a pending lawsuit is resolved, which is anticipated to occur in January 2012.

Development Impact Fees

Development impact fees are levied by cities and/or counties on new residential and commercial construction in order to pay for the additional infrastructure that will be required to support the new population and uses. Fees are determined by each jurisdiction, typically based on the number of units to be developed, the timing of the build-out of those units, and the anticipated amount of money needed to pay for the required infrastructure improvements.

A portion of these fees is often earmarked for improvements to public facilities. Often called Public Facilities Fees (PFFs) or Community Facilities Fees (CFFs), these fees can be used for a variety of projects, including community/recreation facilities. One limitation on PFFs/CFFs is that these funds cannot be used for improvements that predate the developments upon which they are levied; in other words, local jurisdictions cannot ask developers to pay for pre-existing capital/infrastructure deficits. For this reason, it is important for jurisdictions to be proactive in setting and levying PFFs/CFFs early, so that sufficient funding can be accrued to pay for projects.

Grants

Federal and state grants are available from time to time. For example, in 2006, California voters passed the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006 (aka Proposition 84), which made \$386 million in grants available for park and recreation capital improvements. In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act was passed, a highly competitive grant program for public projects. Grant programs such as these often give priority to projects that clearly address a well-defined need, and that use a highly participatory needs assessment and design process.



This master plan will be an important document to help describe the need for facility improvements in a grant application. The City can also maximize its competitiveness for grant programs by continuing to engage the community in the dialogue about park and recreation needs.

Mello-Roos Special Tax Bonds

The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act was enacted by the California Legislature in 1982 to provide all cities, counties, or districts with an alternative method of financing essential public facilities and services. The Act allows cities to create separate public agencies, known as community facilities districts, within their boundaries for the purpose of financing certain public facilities and services. The Mello-Roos financing mechanism uses a special tax to repay the annual debt service and operating costs. The special tax may be based upon benefit to the parcels of land in the district, or on the cost of making the facilities or services available, or on any other reasonable basis. The tax must not be ad valorem or related to the value of the property.

Benefit Assessment Districts

A benefit assessment district taxes property owners in a special district created to provide benefits for those in the district. California Proposition 218, passed in 1996, prohibits the creation of Benefit Assessment Districts based on property values. Rather, parcels in the district are assessed based on the benefit they receive, potentially based on parcel use (commercial, residential, etc.). Such a measure requires simple majority support (50% + 1) to pass, and votes are weighted based on each property owner's proposed assessment.

Sales Taxes

A special purpose sales tax could be levied on top of existing local sales taxes. As with general obligation (GO) bonds, special purpose sales taxes require a two-thirds majority vote. However, sales tax revenue can be used for both operations and capital projects, whereas only capital projects can be funded through GO bonds. Available revenue through a special sales tax can be harder to predict than with GO bonds, as it is dependent on actual sales.

Certificates of Participation

Certificates of participation are a subset of the general financing technique known as lease/purchase or installment sale obligation financing. Within the tax-exempt realm a lease/purchase allows a municipality, in consideration for the use of equipment and/or real property, to make lease payments over a specified period of time. At the conclusion of this contract, the lessee (municipality) has the right to purchase the leased capital items at a nominal amount (usually \$1), or ownership may have already transferred by way of an installment sale contract. If the financing is structured to meet the requirements established by the federal government, the lease payments to the lessor are exempt from federal and state income taxation. The lessor, therefore, requires a lower rate of return from the financial contract (lease), thus lowering the interest costs to the lessee. Through this financial instrument, the city or district has accessed the tax exempt debt market. Certificate of participation financing does not require voter approval. In California, the local legislative body (i.e., city council or board of supervisors) is empowered to enter into lease/purchase financing.

Private Donations

Because of their large impact on the communities they serve, high-profile projects such as community centers offer an attractive focus for fund-raising campaigns. One advantage of private donations is that (with the donor's permission) they can be used for any portion of the proposed project, including furniture, art, and technology as well as construction.

In addition to individuals and private foundations, the business community can be a source of donations for new community projects. Recent examples include a national drugstore chain donating funds to a library for development of business and conference facilities. Strategies such as naming rights can provide additional incentives for donations.

